#### Cytonn Q3'2022 Markets Review

#### Executive Summary:

**Global Markets Review:** According to the <u>United Nations</u>, the global economy is projected to expand by between 2.5% and 2.8% in 2022, a substantial decline from its earlier forecast of 3.1% in May 2022. The downward revision is majorly attributable to sustained disruptions in supply chains exacerbated by the ongoing conflict in Ukraine which has greatly impacted trade. The disruptions spiked the cost of shipping goods raising consumer prices worldwide. Global price inflation has resulted in a high cost of living, with central banks in majority of economies raising interest rates in an attempt to anchor the inflation. Consequently, the rising borrowing costs and tightened monetary stances in advanced economies have brought disorder in financial markets and significant capital outflows from emerging economies as investors prefer to hold their cash or invest in fixed income securities in the developed economies;

**Sub-Saharan Africa Regional Review:** According to the <u>International Monetary Fund (IMF)</u>, the Sub Saharan economy is projected to grow at a rate of 3.8% in 2022. The projection remains unchanged from the initial <u>April</u> projection of 3.8%, and significantly lower than the 4.6% growth rate recorded in 2021. The downward revision comes on the back of sustained supply constraints, worsened by persistent geopolitical pressures given that most countries in the Sub-Saharan Africa are net importers;

In Q3'2022, most of the selected Sub-Saharan currencies continued to depreciate against the US Dollar, maintaining the trend witnessed in H1'2022, attributable to the increased inflationary pressures in majority of the countries due to negative spillover effects of inflated prices of fuel and other commodities. Additionally, the Sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) stock markets recorded mixed performance with most markets recording negative returns due to increased selloffs, following interest rate hikes in advanced economies such as USA and Europe;

**Kenya Macroeconomic Environment:** The Kenyan Economy is projected to grow at an average of 5.1% in 2022 lower than the 7.5% growth recorded in 2021 amid the elevated inflationary pressures, persistent geopolitical pressures and erratic weather conditions. Notably, Q3'2022 saw increased inflationary pressures with the average inflation rate increasing to 8.7%, compared to 6.7% in Q3'2021, largely attributable to a rise in food and fuel prices stemming from persistent supply bottlenecks. This was reflected in the business environment, which deteriorated noticeably as consumers cut back on spending, with the average Stanbic Purchasing Managers Index (PMI) coming in at 45.3 in Q3'2022, compared to 50.7 recorded in the same period in 2021;

**Fixed Income:** During Q3'2022, T-bills remained undersubscribed with the overall subscription rate coming in at 90.8% up from 78.1% in Q2'2022, partly attributable to the tightened market liquidity, which saw the average interbank rate increase to 5.2% from 4.8% in Q2'2022. The Overall subscription for the 91-day and 182-day increased to 304.9% and 64.9% from 127.6% and 58.1% in Q2'2022, respectively, while the 364-day declined to 31.1% from 78.3% recorded in Q2'2022. The acceptance rate for the quarter declined to 87.0% from 91.9% in Q2'2022, with the government accepting a total of Kshs 246.4 bn of the Kshs 283.3 bn worth of bids received during the quarter. The yields on the government papers were on an upward trajectory during the quarter, with the yields on the 364-day, 182-day and 91-day papers increasing by 8.2 bps, 77.0 bps and 91.9 bps to 9.9%, 9.4% and 8.6%, respectively;

During the week, T-bills remained undersubscribed, with the overall subscription rate declining to 38.8%, from the 46.6% recorded the previous week. The undersubscription was partly attributable to the tightened liquidity in the money market, with the average interbank rate increasing to 5.6% from 4.5% recorded in the previous week. Investor's preference for the shorter 91-day paper persisted, with the paper receiving bids worth Kshs 5.1 bn against the offered Kshs 4.0 bn, translating to a subscription rate of 128.2% up from 117.8% recorded the previous week. The subscription rate for the 364-day paper also increased to 11.3% from 10.4% while that of the 182-day declined to 30.5% from 54.3%, recorded the previous week. The yields on the government

papers recorded mixed performance, with the yields on the 182-day and 91-day papers increasing by 0.6 bps and 0.1 bps to 9.6% and 9.0%, respectively, while the yield on the 364-day paper declined by 0.4 bps to 9.9%;

**Equities:** During Q3'2022, the equities market was on an upward trajectory, with NASI, NSE 20 and NSE 25 gaining by 3.2%, 6.5% and 5.0%, respectively, taking their YTD performance to losses of 23.2%, 10.3% and 17.4% for NASI, NSE 20 and NSE 25 respectively. The equities market performance during the quarter was driven by gains recorded by large cap banking stocks such as NCBA which gained by 28.4% as well as ABSA and Standard Chartered Bank (SCBK) of 9.6% each, while Co-operative Bank gained by 8.7%. The gains were however weighed down by losses recorded by other large cap stocks such as Bamburi of 0.7%. During Q3'2022, listed banks in Kenya released their H1'2022 results, recording a 34.0% weighted average growth in core Earnings per Share (EPS), compared to a weighted average increase of 136.0% in H1'2021. The performance was largely driven by the strong EPS growth from NCBA and Co-operative Bank of66.9% and 55.7%, respectively;

**Real Estate:** In Q3'2022, the Real Estate industry recorded substantial improvement in activity and performance compared to a similar period last year. This was mainly driven by favorable economic environment in addition to the peaceful electioneering period which boosted investor confidence in the sector and consequently improved Real Estate transactions. The Nairobi Metropolitan Area (NMA) residential sector recorded improved performance with a 0.4% points y/y increase in average total returns to 5.9%, from 5.5% recorded in Q3'2021. In the commercial office sector, the average rental yield slightly increased by 0.1% points to 7.4% in Q3'2022, from 7.3% that was recorded in FY'2021, mainly driven by an increase in the average rental rates, while the average rental yield for retail spaces declined by 0.2% points to 7.6%, from 7.8% in FY'2021. The performance was mainly on the back of a decline in the average occupancy rate during the period under review. For land, the average selling prices recorded an overall improvement in performance with the y/y capital appreciation coming in at 1.6%;

#### **Company Updates**

#### Investment Updates:

- Weekly Rates:
  - Cytonn Money Market Fund closed the week at a yield of 10.55%. To invest, dial \*809# or download the Cytonn App from Google Playstore <u>here</u> or from the Appstore <u>here</u>;
  - Cytonn High Yield Fund closed the week at a yield of 13.91% p.a. To invest, email us at <a href="mailto:sales@cytonn.com">sales@cytonn.com</a> and to withdraw the interest, dial \*809# or download the Cytonn App from Google Playstore <a href="href">here</a> or from the Appstore <a href="href">here</a>;
- We continue to offer Wealth Management Training every Wednesday and every third Saturday of the month, from 9:00 am to 11:00 am, through our Cytonn Foundation. The training aims to grow financial literacy among the general public. To register for any of our Wealth Management Trainings, click <u>here</u>;
- If interested in our Private Wealth Management Training for your employees or investment group, please get in touch with us through <a href="https://www.wmt@cytonn.com">wmt@cytonn.com</a>;
- Any CHYS and CPN investors still looking to convert are welcome to consider one of the five projects currently available for assignment, click <u>here</u> for the latest term sheet;
- Cytonn Insurance Agency acts as an intermediary for those looking to secure their assets and loved ones' future through insurance namely; Motor, Medical, Life, Property, WIBA, Credit and Fire and Burglary insurance covers. For assistance, get in touch with us through <u>insuranceagency@cytonn.com</u>;
- Cytonnaire Savings and Credit Co-operative Society Limited (SACCO) provides a savings and investments avenue to help you in your financial planning journey. To enjoy competitive investment returns, kindly get in touch with us through <u>clientservices@cytonn.com</u>;

- For an exclusive tour of Cytonn's real estate developments, visit: <u>Sharp Investor's Tour</u>, and for more information, email us at <u>sales@cytonn.com</u>;
- Phase 3 of The Alma is now ready for occupation and the show house is open daily. To rent please email <a href="mailto:properties@cytonn.com">properties@cytonn.com</a>;
- We have 8 investment-ready projects, offering attractive development and buyer targeted returns; See further details here: <u>Summary of Investment-ready Projects</u>;
- For Third Party Real Estate Consultancy Services, email us at <a href="mailto:rdo@cytonn.com">rdo@cytonn.com</a>;
- For recent news about the group, see our news section <u>here</u>;

## Hospitality Updates:

We currently have promotions for Staycations. Visit <u>cysuites.com/offers</u> for details or email us at <u>sales@cysuites.com;</u>

# A. Global Market Review

## Global Economic Growth:

According to the <u>United Nations</u>, the global economy is projected to expand by between 2.5% and 2.8% in 2022, a substantial decline from its earlier forecast of 3.1% in May. The downward revision is majorly attributable to;

- i. Pre-existing supply chain disruptions worsened by the ongoing conflict in Ukraine which have greatly impacted global food and fuel supplies,
- ii. The persistent inflationary pressures which have seen several central banks raise their interest rates with the aim of anchoring inflation, and,
- iii. The rising borrowing costs and worsening liquidity which has continued to worsen conditions in emerging economies at a time when more funding is needed.

As a result of the ongoing disruptions in supply chain, as well as the imminent debt crisis, emerging economies are anticipated to record subdued growth in the fourth quarter.

# **Global Commodities Market Performance:**

Global commodity prices registered mixed performance in Q3'2022, with the energy prices increasing the most by 78.9% year on year, mainly due the persistent supply chain bottlenecks coupled with increasing demand for gas. Below is a summary performance of various commodities



Source: World Bank

#### **Global Equities market performance:**

Global stock market recorded mixed performance in Q3'2022, with most indices declining, attributable to cash outflows from the equities market to the fixed income docket. The flooding in the fixed income and other investments alternatives has been driven by the elevated inflationary pressures world over which has led to an increase in interest rates. The Nigeria all share index was the only gainer, recording a 9.0% year to date gain as at 30<sup>th</sup> September 2022, largely driven by increased investor sentiments following the rallying of crude oil prices, with Nigeria being a net exporter. Ghana stock composite index was the largest decliner recording losses of 46.7% year to date, partly due to the re-imposition of capital gains tax on securities listed on the GSE, which has seen investors prefer fixed income securities. Below is a summary of the performance of key indices:



#### **Global Equities Market Performance**

#### B. Sub-Saharan Africa Regional Review

According to the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the Sub Saharan economy is projected to grow at a rate of 3.8% in 2022. The projection remains unchanged from the initial April projection of 3.8%, and significantly lower than the 4.6% growth rate recorded in 2021. The downward revision comes on the back of sustained supply constraints, worsened by persistent geopolitical pressures given that most countries in the Sub-Saharan Africa are net importers. The challenges have continued to exacerbate fiscal deficits in most countries leading to increased debt sustainability concerns in Sub-Saharan Africa as the region's public debt to GDP ratio increased to 61.0% in 2021, from 60.0% in 2020. The public debt is expected to remain high due to increased debt serving costs coupled with continued currency depreciations and increased interest rates in developed economies.

## **Currency Performance**

In Q3'2022, most of the selected Sub-Saharan currencies continued to depreciate against the US Dollar, mainly due to the increased inflationary pressures in majority of the countries on the back of persistent supply chain constraints. The Ghanaian Cedi was the largest decliner YTD and over the last twelve months, losing 66.1% and 67.8%, respectively, mainly as a result of a deteriorated macro-economic environment, characterized by high inflation which stood at 33.9% in August 2022, against the Ghana Central Bank target rate of 6.0 - 10.0%. Ghana also continues to face debt sustainability concerns with public debt to GDP ratio coming in at 84.6% as of July 2022, coupled with a downgrade of Ghana's credit outlook ratings by both Moody and Fitch to negative. The Zambian kwacha was the only currency which appreciated against the US Dollar, gaining by 5.9% year to date, mainly attributable to positive investor confidence following Zambia's improved macroeconomic performance and strong trade surplus driven by higher copper price earnings. Key to note, the Kenya Shilling depreciated by 6.7% in Q3'2022 to close at Kshs 120.7 against the US Dollar, compared to Kshs 113.2 recorded at the beginning of the year. Below is a table showing the performance of select African currencies:

	Select Sub Saharan Africa Currency Performance vs USD											
Currency	Sep-21	Jan-22	Sep-22	Last 12 Months change (%)	YTD change (%)							
Zambian Kwacha	16.7	16.7	15.8	6.0%	5.9%							
Tanzanian Shilling	2303.9	2,304.5	2,327.0	(1.0%)	(1.0%)							
Mauritius Rupee	42.4	43.6	45.6	(7.5%)	(4.6%)							
Nigerian Naira	410.2	412.4	431.9	(5.3%)	(4.7%)							
Kenyan Shilling	110.5	113.1	120.7	(9.2%)	(6.7%)							
Ugandan Shilling	3543.6	3,544.6	3,851.3	(8.7%)	(8.7%)							
Botswana Pula	11.3	11.7	13.3	(17.9%)	(13.7%)							
South African Rand	15.0	15.9	18.1	(20.4%)	(13.8%)							
Malawian Kwacha	815.2	816.8	1,008.8	(23.7%)	(23.5%)							
Ghanaian Cedi	6.0	6.1	10.1	(67.8%)	(66.1%)							

Source: S&P Capital

# **African Eurobonds**

Africa's appetite for foreign-denominated debt has declined in recent times as no country issued a bond during Q3'2022, with most countries shying away from the Eurobonds market due to sustained high yields translating to high borrowing costs. The significant increase in yields is partly attributable to investors attaching higher risk premium on the Sub-Saharan Countries issues, driven by increased inflationary pressures, and continued depreciation of local currencies on the back of persistent supply chain constraints, as well as sustained debt unsustainability concerns. Yields on the Kenyan and Senegal Eurobonds increased in Q3'2022 by 11.3% points and 7.3% points to 15.7% and 9.7%, from 4.4% and 2.4%, respectively, recorded at the end of December 2021.

Below is a 5-year graph showing the Eurobond secondary market performance of select 10-year Eurobonds issued by Kenya and Senegal:



Source: S&P Capital

#### **Equities Market Performance**

Sub-Saharan Africa (SSA) stock markets recorded mixed performance in Q3'2022, with Zambia's stock market (LASILZ) being the best performing market gaining by 28.7% YTD due to improved macroeconomic conditions that have led to favorable investor sentiments in the country. Ghana's GGSECI was the worst-performing market with a loss of 46.7% YTD, largely driven by sell offs from investors following adverse macroeconomic conditions in Ghana driven by high inflation at 33.9% as of August 2022. Kenya's NASI declined by 28.0% at the end of Q3'2022, mainly attributable to increased foreign investor sell offs coupled with increased uncertainties emanating from inflationary pressures as well as the heated political temperature that surrounded the August elections. Below is a summary of the performance of key indices:

		Equities Mark	et Performanc	e (Dollarized*)		
Country	Index	Sep-21	Jan-22	Sep-22	Last 12 Months change (%)	YTD change (%)
Zambia	LASILZ	294.5	362.2	466.2	58.3%	28.7%
Nigerian	NGSEASI	98.1	104.1	113.5	15.8%	9.0%
Rwanda	RSEASI	0.1	0.1	0.1	(0.7%)	(0.8%)
Tanzanian	DARSDEI	0.8	0.6	0.6	(28.8%)	(6.5%)
Uganda	USEASI	0.4	0.4	0.3	(23.1%)	(18.0%)
South Africa	JALSH	4280.2	4,639.6	3,524.9	(17.6%)	(24.0%)
Kenya	NASI	1.6	1.5	1.1	(34.1%)	(28.0%)
Ghana	GGSECI	472.4	454.6	242.5	(48.7%)	(46.7%)
*The index values a	re dollarized for	ease of compariso	n			

Source: S&P Capital

GDP growth in Sub-Saharan Africa region is expected to weaken, as debt sustainability concerns remain elevated. The region's debt to GDP ratio increased to 61.0% of GDP in 2021, from 60.0% of GDP in 2020 making it less attractive to foreign capital. The significant weakening of the currencies has also increased the cost of servicing debt.

C. Kenya Macroeconomic

The Kenyan Economy is projected to grow at an average of 5.1% in 2022 lower than the 7.5% growth recorded in 2021 amid the elevated inflationary pressures, persistent geopolitical pressures and erratic weather conditions. The table below shows the projections according to various organizations:

No.	Organization	2022 GDP Projections
1.	International Monetary Fund	5.7%
2.	National Treasury	6.0%
3.	World Bank	5.5%
4.	S&P Global	4.5%
5.	Cytonn Investments Management PLC	4.0%
Average		5.1%

Source: Cytonn Research

Key to note, Kenya's general business environment has continued to deteriorate with the average Purchasing Manager's Index 45.3 in Q3'2022, compared to 50.7 recorded in the same period in 2021 mainly on the back of increased commodity prices which have seen reduced consumer spending.

#### Inflation:

The average inflation rate increased to 8.7% in Q3'2022, compared to 6.7% in Q3'2021, attributable to the increase in food and fuel prices in the period under review. Notably, the prices of super petrol, diesel and kerosene have increased by 38.2%, 49.2% and 42.9% to Kshs 179.3 per litre, Kshs 165.0 per litre and Kshs 147.9, from Kshs 129.7 per litre, Kshs 110.6 per litre and Kshs 103.5 per litre, year to date.

**September 2022 Inflation** - Inflation for the month of September 2022 came in at 9.2%, the highest since June 2017, and an increase from the 8.5% recorded in August 2022. The increase was mainly attributable to a 15.5%, 10.2% and 7.3%, increase in the food and non-alcoholic beverages index, transport as well as housing, water, electricity, gas and other fuels. Below is the chart showing the inflation trend for the last five years:



Going forward, we expect inflationary pressures to remain elevated primarily owing to the high fuel and food prices. Even as the global fuel prices decline, we do not expect the country's prices to fall given the partial removal of the fuel subsidy which we expect to be completely eliminated in the coming months. Key to note is that the Monetary Policy Committee raised the Central Bank Rate to 8.25%, from the previous 7.50% with the aim of anchoring the inflation rate which has continued to increase over the last eight months. Despite the monetary stance, we still believe that the inflationary pressures are due to external shocks and a decline is largely pegged on how soon global supply chains stabilize.

# The Kenyan Shilling:

The Kenyan Shilling depreciated against the US Dollar by 2.5% in Q3'2022, to close at Kshs 120.7, from Kshs 117.8 at the end of Q2'2022, partly attributable to increased dollar demand in the energy, oil and manufacturing sectors. Key to note, this is the lowest the Kenyan shilling has traded against the dollar. During the week, the Kenya Shilling depreciated against the US Dollar by 0.1% to close at 120.7, from 120.6 the previous week. We expect the shilling to remain under pressure in 2022 as a result of:

- a. High global crude oil prices on the back of persistent supply chain bottlenecks coupled with high demand as most economies gradually recover,
- b. An ever-present current account deficit estimated at 5.2% of GDP in the 12 months to August 2022, same as that was recorded in a similar period in 2021, and,
- c. The aggressively growing government debt which continues to put pressure on forex reserves given that 68.1% of Kenya's debt is US Dollar denominated as of July 2022.

The shilling is however expected to be supported by:

- i. Sufficient Forex reserves currently at USD 7.4 bn (equivalent to 4.2-months of import cover), which is above the statutory requirement of maintaining at least 4.0-months of import cover, and,
- ii. Sufficient diaspora remittances standing at a cumulative USD 3,992.0 mn as of August 2022, representing a 14.7% y/y increase from USD 3,481.0 mn recorded over the same period in 2021.

# **Monetary Policy:**

The Monetary Policy Committee (MPC) met on September 29<sup>th</sup> 2022 to review the outcome of its previous policy decisions and recent economic developments, and to decide the direction of the Central Bank Rates (CBR). Notably, the MPC against our <u>expectations</u>, raised the CBR by 75.0 bps to 8.25% from 7.50% in their July 2022 sitting. Below are some of the key highlights from the meeting:

i. Private sector credit growth continues to recover, having grown by 12.5% in August 2022, as compared to 7.0% over the same period in 2021. The key sectors that experienced increased lending were business services (16.1%), manufacturing (15.2%), consumer durables (14.3%) and trade (13.3%). The chart below shows the movement of the private sector credit growth of the last five years.



Source: Central Bank of Kenya

- ii. Exports of goods have remained strong, growing by 11.0% in the 12 months to August 2022 compared to 11.5% growth in a similar period in 2021. Key to note, receipts from tea and manufactured goods exports increased by 10.9% and 20.8%, respectively, during the period reflecting improved prices attributable to demand from traditional markets. Additionally, imports of goods increased by 21.4% in the 12 months to August compared to 10.2% in the same period in 2021 mainly reflecting increased imports of oil and intermediate goods, and,
- iii. The current account to GDP is estimated at 5.2% to the 12 months to August 2022, same as that was recorded in a similar period in 2021. Exports remained strong, growing by 11.0% in the 12 months to August 2022 compared to a similar period in 2021. Receipts from exports of manufactured goods and tea increased by 20.8% and 10.9% respectively, while horticulture exports declined by 12.0% in the period of review.

The MPC noted that the sustained inflationary pressures, the elevated global risks and their potential impact on the domestic economy and concluded that there was scope for tightening the monetary policy in order to anchor inflationary expectations. Therefore, the MPC decided to raise the CBR by 75.0 bps to 8.25% from 7.5% as they continue to monitor the impact of the policy measures, as well as developments in the global and domestic economy. The committee will meet again in November 2022, but remains ready to re-convene earlier if necessary.

# D. Fixed Income

During Q3'2022, T-bills remained undersubscribed with the overall subscription rate coming in at 90.8% up from 78.1% in Q2'2022, partly attributable to the tightened market liquidity, which saw the average interbank rate increase to 5.2% from 4.8% in Q2'2022. The Overall subscription for the 91-day and 182-day increased to 304.9% and 64.9% from 127.6% and 58.1% in Q2'2022, respectively, while the 364-day declined to 31.1% from 78.3% recorded in Q2'2022. The acceptance rate for the quarter declined to 87.0% from 91.9% in Q2'2022, with the government accepting a total of Kshs 246.4 bn of the Kshs 283.3 bn worth of bids received during the quarter. The yields on the government papers were on an upward trajectory during the quarter, with the yields on the 364-day, 182-day and 91-day papers increasing by 8.2 bps, 77.0 bps and 91.9 bps to 9.9%, 9.4% and 8.6%, respectively;

During the week, T-bills remained undersubscribed, with the overall subscription rate coming in at 38.8%, a decline from the 46.6% recorded the previous week. The undersubscription was partly attributable to the tightened liquidity in the money market, with the average interbank rate increasing to 5.6% from 4.5%

recorded in the previous week. Investor's preference for the shorter 91-day paper persisted, with the paper receiving bids worth Kshs 5.1 bn against the offered Kshs 4.0 bn, translating to a subscription rate of 128.2% up from 117.8% recorded in the previous week. The subscription rate for the 364-day papers also increased to 11.3% from 10.4% while that of the 182-day declined to 30.5% from 54.3%, recorded the previous week. The yields on the government papers recorded mixed performance, with the yields on the 182-day and 91-day papers increasing by 0.6 bps and 0.1 bps to 9.6% and 9.0%, respectively, while the yields on the 364-day paper declined by 0.4 bps to 9.9%. We however believe that the 91-day paper rates are not sustainable and this will likely lead to a reversal in the rates in the short term. The government continued to reject expensive bids, accepting a total of Kshs 6.7 bn worth of bids out of the Kshs 9.3 bn worth of bids received, translating to an acceptance rate of 71.4%.

## Primary T-bond Auctions in Q3'2022

In Q3'2022, the government reopened seven bonds and issued one infrastructure bond on tap sale, seeking to raise Kshs 160.0 bn. The bonds were undersubscribed, receiving bids worth Kshs 112.2 bn against the offered Kshs 160.0 bn, translating to a subscription rate of 62.3%. The government was keen to maintain low rates, only accepting Kshs 93.3 bn, translating to an acceptance rate of 87.8%. The table provides more details on the bonds issued during the quarter;

Issue Date	Bond Auctioned	Effective Tenor to Maturity (Years)	Coupon	Amount offered (Kshs bn)	Actual Amount Raised (Kshs bn)	Total bids received	Average Accepted Yield	Subscription Rate	Acceptance Rate
7/11/2022	IFB1/2022/018 - Tap Sale	18.0	13.7%	20.00	6.4	6.4	13.7%	32.1%	100.0%
7/25/2022	FXD2/2013/15-Reopened	15.0	12.0%	40.0	9.3	10.6	13.2%	26.4%	88.0%
7/25/2022	FXD2/2018/15-Reopened	15.0	12.8%	40.0	9.5	10.0	13.9%	20.4%	00.0%
	FXD1/2022/03-Re-opened	2.7	11.8%				12.4%		
8/22/2022	FXD2/2019/10-Re-opened	6.7	12.3%	50.0	38.5	49.1	13.9%	98.3%	78.4%
	FXD1/2021/20-Re-opened	19.1	13.4%				14.0%		
9/19/2022	FXD1/2022/10-Re-opened	10.0	13.5%	50.0	39.0	AC 1	13.9%	92.3%	84.6%
9/19/2022	FXD1/2022/15-Re-opened	15.0	13.9%	50.0	39.0	46.1	14.0%	92.3%	84.0%
Q3'2022 Ave	3'2022 Average		<b>12.9%</b>	40.0	23.3	28.1	1 <b>3.6%</b>	62.3%	87.8%
Q2'2022 Ave	Q2'2022 Average		13.3%	40.0	33.8	37.1	1 <b>3.3%</b>	<b>102.6%</b>	92.1%

#### Secondary Bond Market Activity:

#### i. Bond Turnover

In Q3'2022, the secondary bond market recorded increased activity with the turnover increasing by 0.9% to Kshs 195.7 bn from Kshs 194.0 bn recorded in Q2'2022, partially attributable to the tightened liquidity and increased allocation to treasury bonds by local institutional investors as they sought for higher yield in the market. The chart below shows the bonds turnover over the last one year



The yield curve was on an upward trajectory in Q3'2022 with a notable increase in the yields on all the bonds. The chart below shows the yield curve movement during the quarter;



**Money Market Performance:** 



During Q3'2022, the 3-month bank placements remained unchanged at 7.7% at the end of Q3'2022, same as that was recorded at the end of Q2'2022 (based on what we have been offered by various banks). The average 91-day T-bill rate increased by 0.9% points to 9.0% in Q3'2022 from 8.1% in Q2'2022, while the average of Top 5 Money Market Funds increased by 0.2% to 9.9% from 9.7% in Q2'2022. The yield on the Cytonn Money Market Fund (CMMF) remained increased by 0.1% points to 10.6% in Q3'2022, from 10.5% recorded in Q2'2022.

During the week, the 3-month bank placements ended the week at 7.7% (based on what we have been offered by various banks), while the yield on the 91-day T-bill increased by 0.1 bps to 9.0%. The average yield of the Top 5 Money Market Funds increased by 8.0 bps to 9.9% while the Cytonn Money Market Fund remained relatively unchanged at 10.6%, as was recorded last week.

The table below shows the Money Market Fund Yields for Kenyan Fund Managers as published on 30<sup>th</sup> September 2022;

Rank	Fund Manager	Effective Annual Rate
1	Cytonn Money Market Fund	10.6%
2	Zimele Money Market Fund	9.9%
3	GenCap Hela Imara Money Market Fund	9.9%
4	NCBA Money Market Fund	9.7%
5	Dry Associates Money Market Fund	9.6%
6	Sanlam Money Market Fund	9.4%
7	Nabo Africa Money Market Fund	9.4%
8	Madison Money Market Fund	9.3%
9	Old Mutual Money Market Fund	9.3%
10	Apollo Money Market Fund	9.3%
11	Co-op Money Market Fund	9.2%
12	CIC Money Market Fund	9.1%
13	Orient Kasha Money Market Fund	8.8%
14	AA Kenya Shillings Fund	8.7%
15	ICEA Lion Money Market Fund	8.6%
16	British-American Money Market Fund	7.9%

Source: Business Daily

#### Liquidity:

In Q3'2022, liquidity in the money market tightened, as evidenced by the increase in the interbank rate to 5.2% from 4.8% in Q2'2022, partly attributable to government payments, which offset tax remittances. Additionally, the average interbank volumes increased by 13.5% to Kshs 21.7 bn from Kshs 19.1 bn in Q2'2022.

During the week, liquidity in the money markets tightened, with the average interbank rate increasing to 5.6% from 4.5% recorded the previous week, partly attributable to government payments that offset tax remittances. The average interbank volumes traded declined by 51.2% to Kshs 11.6 bn from Kshs 24.1 bn recorded the previous week.

## Kenya Eurobonds:

During Q3'2022, the yields on Eurobonds recorded a mixed performance, with 12-year Eurobond issued in 2021 being the highest gainer, increasing 0.7% points to 13.4% from 12.7% recorded in Q2'2022. The yield on the 7-year Eurobond issued in 2019 recorded the highest decline having declined 0.4% to 15.7% from 16.1% recorded in the previous quarter.

During the week, the yields on Eurobonds were on an upward trajectory with the yield on the 10-year Eurobond issued in 2014 recording the highest increase having increased by 3.8% to 17.1% from 13.3% recorded in the previous week. The table below shows the summary of the performance of the Kenyan Eurobonds as of 29<sup>th</sup> September 2022;

	Kenya Eurobond Performance											
	2014	20	18	20	019	2021						
Date	10-year issue	10-year issue	30-year issue	7-year issue	12-year issue	12-year issue						
3-Jan-22	10.9%	5.7%	8.1%	5.6%	6.7%	6.6%						
30-Jun-22	17.0%	14.7%	13.7%	16.1%	13.8%	12.7%						
23-Sep-22	13.3%	12.8%	12.2%	13.2%	12.9%	11.4%						
26-Sep-22	14.0%	13.2%	12.6%	13.8%	13.3%	12.1%						
27-Sep-22	15.2%	13.6%	12.8%	14.3%	13.6%	12.4%						
28-Sep-22	16.3%	14.2%	13.2%	15.8%	14.6%	12.8%						
29-Sep-22	17.1%	14.7%	14.1%	15.7%	14.7%	13.4%						
Weekly Change	3.8%	1.9%	1.9%	2.4%	<b>1.8%</b>	2.0%						
q/q Change	0.1%	0.0%	0.3%	(0.4%)	0.9%	0.7%						
YTD Change	6.2%	9.0%	5.9%	10.1%	8.0%	6.8%						

Source: Central Bank of Kenya (CBK)

Rates in the Fixed Income market have remained relatively stable due to the relatively ample liquidity in the money market. The government is 7.5% behind its prorated borrowing target of Kshs 147.0 bn having borrowed Kshs 136.0 bn of the Kshs 581.7 bn borrowing target for the FY'2022/2023. We expect sustained gradual economic recovery as evidenced by the revenue collections of Kshs 2.0 tn in the FY'2021/2022, equivalent to a 2.8% outperformance. Despite the performance, we believe that the projected budget deficit of 6.2% is relatively ambitious given the downside risks and deteriorating business environment occasioned by high inflationary pressures. We however expect the support from the IMF and World Bank to finance some of the government projects and thus help maintain a stable interest rate environment since the government is not desperate for cash. Owing to this, our view is that investors should be biased towards short-term fixed-income securities to reduce duration risk.

#### E. <u>Equities</u>

#### **Market Performance:**

During Q3'2022, the equities market was on an upward trajectory, with NASI, NSE 20 and NSE 25 gaining by 3.2%, 6.5% and 5.0%, respectively, taking their YTD performance to losses of 23.2%, 10.3% and 17.4% for NASI, NSE 20 and NSE 25 respectively. The equities market performance during the quarter was driven by gains recorded by large cap banking stocks such as NCBA which gained by 28.4% as well as ABSA and Standard Chartered Bank (SCBK) of 9.6% each, while Co-operative Bank gained by 8.7%. The gains were however weighed down by losses recorded by other large cap stocks such as Bamburi of 0.7%.

During Q3'2022, equities turnover declined by 14.3% to USD 190.3 mn, from USD 222.0 mn in Q2'2022. Additionally, foreign investors remained net sellers in Q3'2022 with a net selling position of USD 58.4 mn, from a net selling position of USD 91.1 mn recorded in Q2'2022.

During the week, the equities market was on a downward trajectory with NASI, NSE 20 and NSE 25 declining by 4.8%, 1.6% and 2.8%, respectively. The equities market performance was mainly driven by losses recorded by large-cap stocks such as Safaricom, NCBA, BAT and Co-operative Bank of 8.9%, 8.2%, 2.1% and 1.7%, respectively. The losses were however mitigated by gains recorded by other large cap stocks such as KCB Group of 5.9%.

During the week, equities turnover declined by 29.1% to USD 14.4 mn from USD 20.3 mn recorded the previous week, taking the YTD turnover to USD 656.3 mn. Foreign investors remained net sellers, with a net selling position of USD 4.9 mn, from a net selling position of USD 6.8 mn recorded the previous week, taking the YTD net selling position to USD 164.2 mn.

The market is currently trading at a price to earnings ratio (P/E) of 6.8x, 46.3% below the historical average of 12.7x, and a dividend yield of 6.1%, 2.0% points below the historical average of 4.1%. Key to note, NASI's PEG ratio currently stands at 0.9x, an indication that the market is undervalued relative to its future growth. A PEG ratio greater than 1.0x indicates the market may be overvalued while a PEG ratio less than 1.0x indicates that the market is undervalued.



The charts below indicate the historical P/E and dividend yields of the market;



#### Listed Banks' H1'2022 Performance

During the third quarter of 2022, the listed banking sector released their H1'2022 results, recording y/y earnings growth of 34.0% in their core EPS in H1'2022, compared to a weighted average increase of 136.0% in H1'2021. The performance was largely skewed by the strong EPS growth from NCBA and Co-operative Bank of 66.9% and 55.7%, respectively. For more information, please see our <u>Kenya Listed Banks H1'2022 Report</u>.

#### Key Q3'2022 Highlights:

During Q3'2022;

- i. The Insurance Regulatory Authority of Kenya (IRA) released the <u>Quarterly Insurance Industry Report</u> for the period ending 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022 highlighting that the industry's gross premiums rose by 11.6% to Kshs 88.4 bn, from Kshs 79.3 bn recorded in Q1'2021, with the general insurance business contributing 61.0% of the industry's premium income, a 0.2% points decline from the 61.2% contribution witnessed in Q1'2021. For more information, please see our <u>Cytonn Weekly #31/2022</u>,
- ii. KCB Group <u>announced</u> that it had entered into a final agreement with shareholders of Trust Merchant Bank (TMB) to acquire an 85.0% stake in the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC)- based lender, with an option to acquire the remaining stake after two years. For more information please see our <u>Cytonn</u> <u>Weekly #31/2022</u>,
- iii. The International Finance Corporation (IFC) <u>disclosed</u> that it would extend USD 150.0 mn (Kshs 18.0 bn) to KCB Group in form of a senior unsecured loan with a maturity of 7-years and a grace period of 2-years. The credit facility was aimed at supporting the growth of the bank's climate finance portfolio which entails clients in sectors such as manufacturing, real estate and agriculture. For more information please see our <u>Cytonn Monthly-August 2022</u>,
- iv. The Central Bank of Kenya (CBK) <u>released</u> the <u>Quarterly Economic Review</u> for the period ending 30<sup>th</sup> June 2022, highlighting that the sector's total assets increased by 2.4% to Kshs 6.2 tn in June 2022, from Kshs 6.1 tn in March 2022. The sector's recorded a 9.3% increase in Profit before Tax (PBT) to Kshs 62.6 bn in Q2'2022, from Kshs 57.3 bn in Q1'2022. For more information please see our <u>Cytonn Weekly #36/2022</u>, and,
- v. Equity Group Holdings Plc through Equity Bank (Kenya) Limited, <u>announced</u> that it had entered into an Assets and Liabilities purchase agreement with Spire Bank Limited for purchase of certain assets and

liabilities. In the deal which was anchored in Equity's plan to support economic recovery post COVID-19, Equity Bank Kenya Limited would acquire approximately 20,000 deposit customers with deposits totaling Kshs 1.3 bn, and 3,700 loan customers with outstanding loan balances at Kshs 1.7 bn, with a net carrying value of Kshs 0.9 bn after adjusting for statutory loan loss provisions of Kshs 0.8 bn. For more information, please see our Cytonn Weekly #37/2022.

For notable market highlights from H1'2022, please see our Cytonn H1'2022 Markets Review

Company	Price as at 23/09/2022	Price as at 30/09/2022	w/w change	q/q change	YTD Change	Year Open 2022	Target Price*	Dividend Yield	Upside/ Downside**	P/TBv Multiple	Recommendation
Kenya Re	2.1	2.0	(4.3%)	(2.9%)	(13.5%)	2.3	3.2	5.1%	65.6%	0.2x	Buy
Sanlam	10.0	9.9	(0.6%)	(17.2%)	(13.9%)	11.6	15.9	0.0%	60.0%	1.0x	Buy
Jubilee	245.3	245.0	(0.1%)	(3.9%)	(22.7%)	316.8	379.4	0.4%	55.3%	0.4x	Buy
Equity***	47.1	46.5	(1.4%)	8.0%	(11.9%)	52.8	62.2	6.5%	40.5%	1.1x	Buy
Co-op ***	12.1	11.9	(1.7%)	7.7%	(8.8%)	13.0	15.6	8.4%	40.1%	0.7x	Buy
KCB ***	39.2	41.5	5.9%	6.3%	(9.0%)	45.6	53.5	7.2%	36.3%	0.7x	Buy
Liberty	6.3	5.8	(7.9%)	7.4%	(17.8%)	7.1	7.8	0.0%	34.5%	0.4x	Buy
ABSA ***	11.5	11.5	0.0%	8.0%	(2.6%)	11.8	14.9	1.7%	31.9%	1.0x	Buy
I&M ***	16.9	17.0	0.6%	0.0%	(20.6%)	21.4	20.5	8.8%	29.6%	0.4x	Buy
Britam	6.3	6.0	(4.8%)	4.6%	(21.2%)	7.6	7.7	0.0%	29.2%	1.0x	Buy
DTB-K***	49.8	50.0	0.4%	0.6%	(16.0%)	59.5	59.5	6.0%	25.0%	0.2x	Buy
SCBK***	137.8	136.8	(0.7%)	10.3%	5.2%	130.0	155.0	10.2%	23.6%	0.9x	Buy
NCBA***	33.0	30.3	(8.2%)	27.8%	19.1%	25.5	35.2	6.6%	22.6%	0.7x	Buy
Stanbic	100.0	100.0	0.0%	1.0%	14.9%	87.0	99.9	9.0%	8.9%	0.8x	Hold
HF Group	3.3	3.4	3.0%	2.1%	(11.1%)	3.8	3.6	0.0%	5.9%	0.2x	Hold
CIC Group	2.1	2.0	(2.9%)	0.5%	(7.4%)	2.2	2.1	0.0%	4.5%	0.7x	Lighten
*Target Price a	s per Cytonn Ana	alyst estimates									

#### Universe of Coverage:

\*\*Upside/ (Downside) is adjusted for Dividend Yield

\*\*\*For Disclosure, these are stocks in which Cytonn and/or its affiliates are invested in

We are "Neutral" on the Equities markets in the short term due to the current adverse operating environment and huge foreign investor outflows, and, "Bullish" in the long term due to current cheap valuations and expected global and local economic recovery.

With the market currently trading at a discount to its future growth (PEG Ratio at 0.9x), we believe that investors should reposition towards value stocks with strong earnings growth and that are trading at discounts to their intrinsic value. We expect the current high foreign investors sell-offs, the upcoming Kenyan general elections and the slow vaccine rollout to continue weighing down the economic outlook in the short term.

# F. Real Estate

In Q3'2022, the Real Estate industry recorded substantial improvement in activity and performance compared to Q3'2021. This was mainly due to favorable economic environment in addition to the peaceful electioneering period which boosted investor confidence in the sector and consequently improved Real Estate transactions. Some of the key factors that have continued to shape the performance of the Real Estate sector include:

- i. Increased development activities in the housing market in addition to the continued focus on Affordable Housing initiative by the government and the private sector,
- ii. Kenya Mortgage Refinance Company's continuous efforts to provide home loans to potential buyers,
- iii. Improved tourist arrivals in the country and activities owing to the removal of all pandemic related restrictions,

- iv. Increased investments and expansion activities on the back of improving foreign investor confidence,
- v. Positive demographics evidenced by Kenya's relatively high urbanization and population growth rates of 4.0% p.a and 2.3% p.a, respectively, against the global average of 1.8% p.a and 1.0% p.a, respectively, as at 2020, driving increased demand for developments,
- vi. Rapid infrastructure developments opening up of areas for investment such as the recently completed Nairobi Expressway, Nairobi Western Bypass, and, berth one of the Lamu Port-South Sudan-Ethiopia Transport (LAPSSET) corridor, among many others,
- vii. Initiation and implementation of various statutory reviews aimed at providing clear guidelines and efficient operations in the property market, and,
- viii. Continuous entry and expansion by local and international retailers such as Naivas, Eat'N'Go, Carrefour and QuickMart.

However, there existed various challenges that hampered the performance of the sector such as;

- i. Increasing selling and rental prices emanating from rising costs of construction materials,
- ii. Limited credit access partly due to the rising non-performing loans in the property sector,
- iii. Looming uncertainties surrounding the general election which curtailed investor confidence,
- iv. The existing oversupply of space at 6.7 mn SQFT in the NMA commercial office market, 3.0 mn SQFT in the NMA retail market, and 1.7 mn SQFT oversupply in the overall Kenyan retail market,
- v. Continued growth of e-commerce which affects the optimum demand and uptake of physical retail spaces, and,
- vi. Constrained performance of the Kenyan REIT market owing to the low investor knowledge, structural and regulatory impediments to REIT market growth and appetite in the investment instrument.

#### Sectoral Market Performance

### I. Residential Sector

The table below shows the NMA residential sector performance during Q3'2022;

		Cytonn Repo	rt: Resident	ial Market A	verage Perform	ance Summa	iry		
Segment	Rental Yield Q3'2022	Price Appreciation Q3'2022	Total Returns Q3'2022	Rental Yield Q3'2021	Price Appreciation Q3'2021	Total Returns Q3'2021	Change in Rental Yield	Change in Appreciation	Change in Total Returns
Detached:									
High End	4.3%	1.3%	5.6%	3.7%	0.2%	3.9%	0.6%	1.1%	1.7%
Upper Mid-End	4.6%	0.8%	5.4%	4.5%	0.2%	4.7%	0.1%	0.6%	0.7%
Lower Mid-End	5.1%	0.8%	5.8%	4.5%	1.5%	6.0%	0.6%	(0.7%)	(0.2%)
Detached Average	4.7%	1.0%	5.6%	4.2%	0.6%	4.8%	0.4%	0.3%	0.7%
Apartments:									
Upper Mid-End	5.4%	0.4%	5.7%	5.2%	0.9%	6.2%	0.2%	(0.5%)	(0.5%)
Lower Mid-End	5.5%	0.3%	5.9%	5.3%	0.8%	6.1%	0.2%	(0.5%)	(0.2%)
Satellite Towns	5.5%	1.3%	6.8%	5.3%	0.5%	5.8%	0.2%	0.8%	<b>1.0%</b>
Apartments Average	5.5%	0.7%	6.1%	5.3%	0.8%	6.0%	0.2%	(0.1%)	0.1%
Market Average Q3'2022	5.1%	0.8%	5.9%	4.8%	0.7%	5.5%	0.3%	0.1%	0.4%

Source: Cytonn Research 2022

The key take-outs from the table include;

i. Average Total Return – The residential sector's average total return increased by 0.4% points y/y to 5.9%, from 5.5% recorded in Q3'2021 mainly driven by an increase in property transaction volumes which translated to 0.1% points increase in the average y/y price appreciation to 0.8%, from 0.7% recorded in Q3'2021, and,

**ii.** Average rental yields – The total average rental yields increased by 0.3% points to 5.1% in Q3'2022 from 4.8% recorded in Q3'2021, on the back of the gradual economic recovery which saw landlords collect higher rents.

## A. Detached Units Performance

		(All valu	es in Kshs unl	ess stated ot	herwise)			
	Cyton	in Report: De	tached Units	Average Per	formance Q3 <sup>4</sup>	2022		
Area	Price per SQM Q3'2022	Rent per SQM Q3'2022	Occupanc y Q3'2022	Uptake Q3'2022	Annual Uptake Q3'2022	Rental Yield Q3'2022	Price Appreciat ion Q3'2022	Total Returns
			High	-End				
Kitisuru	226,735	756	94.5%	94.3%	13.4%	4.8%	1.7%	6.6%
Rosslyn	183,317	803	88.4%	98.1%	14.5%	4.7%	1.4%	6.0%
Runda	212,306	799	94.7%	96.5%	10.0%	4.6%	0.7%	5.3%
Karen	184,593	698	86.0%	92.2%	12.8%	3.7%	1.6%	5.3%
Lower Kabete	151,914	477	95.9%	88.4%	12.6%	3.6%	1.3%	4.9%
Average	191,773	707	91.9%	<b>93.9%</b>	12.7%	4.3%	1.3%	5.6%
			Upper N	/lid-End				
Ridgeways	167,607	778	82.2%	87.4%	12.8%	5.0%	1.4%	6.4%
Redhill & Sigona	99,723	464	89.2%	96.6%	14.4%	4.7%	1.6%	6.3%
Runda Mumwe	151,529	743	91.9%	92.3%	13.5%	5.3%	0.9%	6.2%
Loresho	167,689	705	80.5%	83.1%	13.2%	4.9%	1.2%	6.1%
South B/C	111,255	410	88.3%	86.2%	12.5%	4.3%	0.6%	4.9%
Langata	139,196	404	92.7%	89.4%	10.0%	3.8%	0.6%	4.4%
Lavington	188,040	627	91.6%	91.4%	12.7%	4.0%	0.5%	4.5%
Average	146,434	590	88.1%	89.5%	12.7%	4.6%	0.8%	5.4%
			Lower N	/lid-End				
Ruiru	67,361	345	87.2%	82.2%	18.7%	6.0%	1.7%	7.7%
Ngong	59,473	353	89.1%	96.4%	12.5%	6.4%	0.3%	6.7%
Juja	71,572	305	86.3%	80.9%	16.8%	5.5%	1.1%	6.6%
Kitengela	64,472	302	85.6%	81.9%	12.6%	5.0%	1.3%	<b>6.3%</b>
Syokimau/Mlolongo	74,096	328	87.4%	90.5%	18.3%	4.5%	1.2%	<b>5.8%</b>
Athi River	85,689	353	86.6%	94.3%	13.3%	4.5%	1.0%	5.4%
Rongai	80,521	278	95.6%	95.9%	16.4%	4.0%	1.1%	5.2%
Thika	62,484	303	82.4%	86.3%	13.5%	5.3%	(0.4%)	4.9%
Donholm & Komarock	94,923	404	88.0%	96.7%	12.7%	4.2%	(0.2%)	4.0%
Average	73,399	330	87.6%	89.4%	15.0%	5.1%	0.8%	5.8%

The table below shows the residential detached units performance during Q3'2022;

Source: Cytonn Research 2022

The key take-outs from the table include;

- i. **Average Total Return** The average total return improved to 5.6%, from 4.8% in Q3'2021, with the y/y capital appreciation coming in at 1.0%,
- ii. **Segment Performance** The lower mid end segment was the best in performance with an average total return of 5.8% attributable to an average rental yield of 5.1% and a 0.8% y/y price appreciation compared to the high end and lower-mid end segments with average total returns at 5.6% and 5.4% respectively, and,
- iii. **Overall Performance** Overall, the best performing node was Ruiru with an average total return of 7.7% attributable to a relatively high average rental yield of 6.0%, whereas Donholm & Komarock was

the least performing node with an average total return of 4.0%, driven by a decline in its overall prices and a low rental yield of 4.2%.

## B. Apartments Performance

All values in Kshs unless								
Area	Price per SQM Q3'2022	Cytonn Repor Rent per SQM Q3'2022	rt: Apartments Occupancy Q3'2022	Average Per Uptake Q3'2022	formance Q3 Annual Uptake Q3'2022	2022 Rental Yield Q3'2022	Price Appreciatio n Q3'2022	Total Returns
			Upper	Mid-End				
Kilimani	105,625	672	84.2%	88.7%	22.1%	5.8%	0.1%	6.0%
Loresho	123,061	558	87.8%	97.2%	10.4%	4.8%	1.0%	5.8%
Westlands	149,039	802	83.2%	87.2%	22.4%	5.7%	0.1%	5.8%
Kileleshwa	125,554	682	84.6%	89.0%	15.2%	5.5%	0.2%	5.8%
Upperhill	132,624	762	81.2%	87.7%	11.1%	5.0%	0.6%	5.7%
Parklands	118,891	628	84.2%	91.0%	13.8%	5.3%	0.1%	5.4%
Average	125,799	684	84.2%	90.1%	<b>15.8%</b>	5.4%	0.4%	5.7%
			Lower Mid	-End Suburb	s			
Waiyaki Way	86,251	536	83.9%	87.7%	21.1%	6.3%	1.4%	7.6%
South C	113,464	804	84.7%	84.9%	17.0%	6.3%	0.4%	6.6%
Dagoretti	83,652	536	88.5%	81.5%	14.4%	6.1%	0.2%	6.3%
Imara Daima	79,908	397	86.8%	86.0%	11.5%	5.3%	0.8%	6.1%
Donholm & Komarock	72,884	379	94.0%	94.3%	12.6%	5.9%	0.0%	6.0%
Race Course/Lenana	97,519	633	81.3%	90.9%	19.3%	5.8%	0.1%	5.9%
Kahawa West	77,147	352	88.8%	86.1%	10.1%	5.1%	0.7%	5.8%
South B	105,107	443	85.3%	94.0%	15.0%	4.4%	0.3%	4.6%
Langata	115,010	502	81.8%	88.0%	13.1%	4.5%	(0.7%)	3.8%
Average	92,327	509	86.1%	88.2%	14.9%	5.5%	0.3%	5.9%
	1		Lower Mid-En	d Satellite To	owns		11	
Ruaka	108,117	546	80.7%	82.8%	21.5%	5.1%	2.3%	7.4%
Ngong	64,382	360	82.3%	83.0%	11.7%	5.6%	1.7%	7.3%
Ruiru	89,418	480	87.4%	86.3%	17.8%	5.6%	1.5%	7.2%
Kikuyu	81,624	474	76.6%	85.8%	15.7%	5.2%	1.9%	7.2%
Athi River	58,199	329	85.2%	92.8%	15.2%	5.6%	1.4%	7.0%
Syokimau	71,302	343	86.6%	89.8%	12.5%	5.2%	1.7%	6.9%
Thindigua	101,089	498	89.9%	80.8%	17.7%	5.4%	1.2%	6.6%
Rongai	91,597	316	89.2%	76.4%	12.6%	6.1%	(0.2%)	5.9%
Kitengela	59,434	277	85.9%	97.5%	10.3%	5.0%	0.4%	5.3%
Average	80,573	403	84.9%	86.1%	15.0%	5.5%	1.3%	6.8%

The table below shows the residential apartments performance during Q3'2022;

Source: Cytonn Research 2022

The key take-outs from the table include;

- i. **Average Total Return** The average total return for apartments in the NMA slightly increased by 0.1% point to 6.1%, driven by a 0.2% points increase in the average rental yield to 5.3%,
- ii. **Segment Performance** The lower mid-end satellite towns segment was the best performing, with an average total return of 6.8% attributable to an average rental yield of 5.5% and an average y/y price appreciation of 1.3%, and,
- iii. **Overall Performance** Waiyaki Way was the best performing node with an average total return of 7.6% while Ruaka and Ngong followed with average total returns at 7.4% and 7.3%, respectively.

Langata was the lowest performing node with an average total return of 3.8% attributable to an average y/y price depreciation of 0.7%.

For notable highlights during the quarter please see our <u>Cytonn Monthly-July 2022</u>, and <u>Cytonn Monthly-August 2022</u> Reports. For the month of September;

- Gulf African Bank entered into a mortgage financing agreement with property developer Mi Vida Homes, with an aim of funding mortgages to potential home buyers of their recently completed Mi Vida Phase I project situated along Thika Road. For more information, see <u>Cytonn Weekly #38/2022</u>,
- ii. Stanbic Bank Kenya partnered with three Real Estate developers namely; Superior Homes Kenya, Avic International Real Estate Ltd, and, Safaricom Staff Pension Scheme, to provide mortgages to their potential home buyers. For more information, see Cytonn Weekly #38/2022, and,
- iii. Shelter Afrique, a Pan-African development financier based in Nairobi's Upperhill District, approved a Kshs 2.2 bn corporate loan towards Maison Super Development (MSD) firm to finance the construction of three ongoing projects in the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC). For more information, see Cytonn Weekly #38/2022.

## Weekly Highlights;

During the week, Harambee Investment Cooperative Society (HICS), the investment subsidiary vehicle of Harambee Sacco Society Ltd, announced plans to develop housing projects in five counties namely; Nairobi, Nakuru, Kisumu, Laikipia and Mombasa. The housing projects by HICs are aimed at providing investment opportunities for its 650 members which is expected to reach 1,000 by the end of the year. In addition to this, HICs is looking to utilize the mortgage facility dubbed Harambee Home Loan by Harambee Sacco which is in partnership with the Kenya Mortgage Refinancing Company (KMRC), in order to provide a financing option to potential home buyers. By this, HICs also aims at increasing its investment footprint in the property market with its other project in the pipeline being a housing project at Kahawa Sukari, as it sells it's 40 apartments near Jacaranda Estate, among other projects.

Additionally, during the week, Safaricom Investment Cooperative (SIC) began the construction of an affordable housing project dubbed Miran Residence in Ruaka, Kiambu County. The Kshs 750.0 mn project has a completion date of June 2024 and will comprise of 200 units in its phase I, distributed into studio apartments, studio lofts, one bedrooms, and two bedrooms, with prices ranging between Kshs 3.2 mn and Kshs 6.5 mn. This brings SIC's number of projects undertaken so far in Kiambu County to three, with the other projects being Marina Kiambu Gardens, and, Ruaka Ridge. Other projects by SIC include Blueball Apartments in Syokimau, Kantafu Serene Homes, and, Rongai Villas. SIC's decision to re-invest in Ruaka is mainly driven by;

- a. High concentration of a growing middle income population in the area which drives demand for quality homes,
- b. Proximity to adequate amenities such as shopping malls and international organizations,
- c. Improving infrastructure services backed up by Kiambu County Government's decision to support the Miran project on the same, and,
- d. Remarkable returns generated in the area which recorded a 7.4% total return to investors in Q3'2022, compared to the market average of 6.8%.

Upon completion, the project is expected to provide decent and affordable homes to potential tenants, as well as further boost investor confidence in the affordable housing program which continues to gain traction in the country, as it is also part of the initiatives by the new government regime in its aim to deliver 250,000 units every year. Key to note, we shall cover a topical on the feasibility of affordable housing in the coming weeks.

Our outlook for the residential sector is NEUTRAL as we expect the sector's performance to be driven by more development activities, availability of mortgages, and, attractive returns in select areas. However, setbacks such as the increasing construction costs, limited credit and constrained mortgage uptake, are expected to

weigh the optimum performance of the sector. For apartments, the best opportunity is investment in areas such as Waiyaki Way, Ruaka, Ruiru, and Ngong driven by higher returns, appreciation as well improved infrastructure and amenities; for detached units, the best investment opportunity is in areas such as Ruiru, Kitisuru, Juja and Ngong, driven by higher uptake and total returns to investors.

# II. Commercial Office Sector

The table below highlights the performance of the Nairobi Metropolitan Area (NMA) Commercial Office sector since the beginning of 2021:

Cytonn Re	Cytonn Report: Nairobi Metropolitan Area (NMA) Commercial Office Returns Over Time											
Year	Q1'2021	H1'2021	Q3'2021	FY'2021	Q1'2022	H1'2022	Q3'2022	Δ FY'2021/Q3'2022				
Occupancy %	76.3%	75.8%	79.9%	77.6%	77.9%	77.9%	78.2%	0.6%				
Asking Rents (Kshs/SQFT)	92	93	94	94	94	95	95	1.7%				
Average Prices (Kshs/SQFT)	12,228	12,224	12,479	12,106	12,113	12,142	12,221	0.3%				
Average Rental Yields (%)	6.8%	6.9%	7.20%	7.3%	7.3%	7.4%	7.4%	0.1%				

Source: Cytonn Research

The key take-outs from the table include;

- Average Rental Yield the NMA commercial office sector realized a slight increase in the average rental yield of 0.1% points to 7.4% in Q3'2022, from 7.3% that was recorded in FY'2021. This was mainly driven by a 1.7% increase in the average rents per SQFT to Kshs 95, owing to the addition of prime office spaces,
- ii. **Average occupancy rate** similarly, the average occupancy slightly improved by 0.6% points to 78.2%, from 77.6% realized in FY'2021, attributed to the resumption and expansion of various firms such as CCI Group and Nairobi Garage, among others, and,
- iii. **Selling prices** The average selling prices per SQFT increased by 0.3% to Kshs 12,221, from Kshs 12,106 in FY'2021, attributed to the increasing costs of construction materials.

For the submarket performance, Gigiri, Westlands and Karen recorded the highest rental yields of 8.6% 8.2% and 8.0%, respectively, in Q3'2022 compared to the market average of 7.4%. Their performance was mainly driven by the presence of high-quality office spaces that generate prime rents. On the other hand, Mombasa Road registered the lowest rental yield of 5.1%. This was driven by the low rents that the office spaces in the area attracts, which came in at Kshs 73 per SQFT in Q3'2022, 24.0% lower than the market average of Kshs 95 per SQFT. The table below shows the Nairobi Metropolitan Area (NMA) sub-market performance:

Cyt	Cytonn Report: Nairobi Metropolitan Area Commercial Office Submarket Performance Q3'2022												
Area	Price/SQ FT Q3'2022	Rent/SQ FT Q3'2022	Occupan cy Q3'2022	Rental Yield Q3'2022	Price Kshs/ SQFT FY 2021	Rent Kshs/SQ FT FY 2021	Occupan cy FY 2021(%)	Rental Yield FY 2021(%)	∆ in Rental Yields (% points)				
Gigiri	13,500	118	81.0%	8.6%	13,500	119	81.3%	8.6%	0.0%				
Westlands	12,032	107	75.7%	8.2%	11,972	104	75.5%	8.1%	0.1%				
Karen	13,431	107	83.0%	8.0%	13,325	106	83.0%	7.7%	0.3%				
Parklands	11,662	91	81.0%	7.6%	11,336	91	80.1%	7.6%	0.0%				
Kilimani	12,260	92	80.8%	7.4%	12,364	91	79.8%	7.1%	0.3%				
Nairobi CBD	11,971	82	84.4%	7.1%	11,787	82	82.8%	6.8%	0.3%				
Upperhill	12,586	96	75.2%	6.9%	12,409	94	78.0%	7.0%	(0.1%)				

Thika Road	12,571	77	77.9%	6.6%	12,571	79	76.3%	5.7%	0.9%
Mombasa Road	11,325	73	65.5%	5.1%	11,250	73	64.2%	5.1%	0.0%
Average	12,221	95	78.2%	7.4%	1 <b>2,10</b> 6	94	77.6%	7.3%	0.1%

Source: Cytonn Research 2022

During the month of September 2022;

i. Nairobi Garage, an office supply firm in Kenya, opened a two-floor outlet at Nairobi's 20th Century Plaza located along Mama Ngina Street with the new office space constituting of 12,000 SQFT, an addition to its five existing outlets in Kilimani, Karen and Westlands. For more information, see our Cytonn Weekly #36/2022.

We have a NEUTRAL outlook for the NMA commercial office sector whose optimum performance continues to be weighed down by the existing oversupply of space in the market. However, we expect the performance to be cushioned by the slow rising demand and uptake for space, coupled with the decline in the number of incoming developments in the pipeline that will allow for uptake of space for the existing developments. Investment opportunities lie in Gigiri, Westlands, and Karen which offer relatively higher returns compared to the market averages.

## III. Retail Sector

The table below highlights the performance of the retail sector in the Nairobi Metropolitan Area since the beginning of 2021;

Cytonn Report: Summary of Retail Sector Average performance									
Item	Q1'2021	H1'2021	Q3'2021	FY'2021	Q1'2022	H1'2022	Q3'2022	Rental Yield Change FY'2021/Q3'2022	
Asking Rents (Kshs/SQFT)	166	177	177	170	170	173	171	0.3%	
Occupancy (%)	75.0%	77.96%	78.0%	76.8%	77.2%	75.9%	76.1%	(0.7%)	
Rental Yields	7.4%	8.1%	8.1%	7.8%	7.9%	7.8%	7.6%	(0.2%)	

Source: Cytonn Research

The key take-outs from the table include;

- i. Average Rental Yield The average rental yield for the NMA retail spaces declined by 0.2% points to 7.6% in Q3'2022, from 7.8% in FY'2021. This was mainly on the back of a 0.7% points decline in the average occupancy which came in at 76.1%, from 76.8% recorded in FY'2021, and,
- ii. **Asking Rents** The average asking rents increased by 0.3% to Kshs 171 per SQFT, from the Kshs 170 per SQFT registered in FY'2021 driven by an increase in quality retail spaces which attract high rents.

In terms of submarket performance, Kilimani, Karen, and, Westlands were the best performing nodes with average rental yields of 9.8%, 8.8% and 8.6%, respectively, compared to the overall market average of 7.6%. The remarkable performance in the three nodes was mainly driven by the presence of quality retail spaces fetching higher rents and yields, coupled with the ample quality infrastructure enhancing investments. On the other hand, Eastlands recorded the least rental yields at 5.7%, 1.9% points lower than the average market rates of 7.6%, as a result of low rental charges at Kshs 127 per SQFT against a market average of Kshs 171 Per SQFT. The table below shows the submarket performance in the Nairobi Metropolitan Area (NMA):

Cytonn Report: Nairobi Metropolitan Area Retail Market Performance Q3'2022							
Area	Rent Kshs /SQFT Q3'2022	Occupancy % Q3'2022	Rental Yield Q3'2022	Rent Kshs /SQFT FY'2021	Occupancy % FY'2021	Rental Yield FY'2021	FY' 2021 ∆ in Rental Yield (% points)

Kilimani	184	84.8%	9.8%	183	86.0%	9.8%	0.0%
Karen	205	78.6%	8.8%	202	84.0%	9.8%	(1.0%)
Westlands	214	73.6%	8.6%	213	78.8%	10.0%	(1.4%)
Kiambu/Limuru road	187	71.7%	7.8%	180	74.2%	7.7%	0.1%
Ngong Road	169	78.8%	7.5%	171	79.0%	7.7%	(0.2%)
Mombasa road	148	80.8%	7.3%	148	75.0%	6.8%	0.4%
Thika Road	158	73.8%	6.7%	161	74.0%	6.7%	0.0%
Satellite towns	138	72.5%	6.1%	142	69.0%	<b>6.2%</b>	(0.1%)
Eastlands	127	73.0%	5.7%	133	71.6%	5.6%	0.1%
Average	171	76.1%	7.6%	170	76.8%	7.8%	(0.2%)

Source: Cytonn Research 2022

For notable highlights during the quarter please see our <u>Cytonn Monthly-July 2022</u>, and <u>Cytonn Monthly-August 2022</u> Reports. For the month of September;

i. Naivas Supermarket opened a new outlet at Elgon View Mall in Eldoret, bringing its total number of branches countrywide to 85. The new 39,999 SQFT outlet, is the 4<sup>th</sup> outlet opened by the retailer in Eldoret town, with the other three being located at Zion Mall, Referral, and Sokoni. For more information, see Cytonn Weekly #36/2022.

## Weekly Highlight;

During the week, local eyewear Optica Limited opened a new outlet along Kilimani's Rose Avenue, bringing its total outlets countrywide to 67. This comes barely a week after the retailer opened a new outlet at Nextgen Mall, signifying its rapid expansion drive to further reach out to its customers. The retailer has opened three other new outlets so far in 2022 at Rubis Business Block in Kitengela, and in Argwings Arcade in Kilimani in May 2022, and another in Ruiru earlier in January 2022. For more information, see <u>Cytonn Weekly #36/2022</u>.

We maintain a NEUTRAL outlook for NMA's retail sector whose performance continues to be highly driven by; i) the aggressive expansion drive by both local and international retailers such as Naivas, Simbisa brands, Eat'N'Go, and QuickMart among others ii) positive demographics enhancing investments, and, iii) increasing foreign investor confidence in the Kenyan retail market which in turn promote expansion. However, factors such as the continued focus on e-commerce which weighs down the optimum demand and uptake of physical retail spaces, coupled with an existing oversupply of space, continues to hinder the optimum performance of the sector. Investment opportunity lies in Karen, Kilimani, and, Westlands which offer relatively higher returns compared to the market averages.

#### IV. Hospitality Sector

#	Report	Key Take-out
1	The <u>Q1'2022 Gross Domestic Product</u> report by the Kenya National Bureau of Statistics (KNBS)	<ul> <li>The Accommodation &amp; Food services sector grew by 56.2% in Q1'2022, 89.2% points higher than the 33.0% contraction recorded in Q1'2021. This was mainly driven by the lowered pandemic restrictions and flight bans, that led to increased visitor arrivals into the country as well as increased leisure and conference activities boosting the sector's performance. For more information, see our Cytonn Weekly #27/2022.</li> </ul>
2	The June 2022 Leading Economic Indicators (LEI), by Kenya National Bureau of Statistics	<ul> <li>Overall international arrivals through Jomo Kenyatta International Airport (JKIA) and Moi International Airport (MIA) increased by 147.1% to 279,981 in Q2'2022, from the 113,307 recorded in Q2'2021. On a q/q basis, the performance was a 24.3% increase from 225,321 recorded in Q1'2022. For more information, see Cytonn Weekly #37/2022.</li> </ul>

In Q3'2022, two hospitality related industry reports were released and the key-take outs were as stated below;

Other notable highlights recorded during the quarter include;

- i. Global five-star hotel Fairmont Mount Kenya Safari Club located in Nanyuki, resumed activities after having been closed for more than two years, following the onset of Covid-19 pandemic that caused cashflow challenges. For more information, see our Cytonn Weekly #27/2022, and,
- ii. Competition Authority of Kenya (CAK) approved the sale of 680 Hotel in Nairobi's city center to Maanzoni Lodges, and Crowne Plaza Hotel in Upper Hill to Kasada Hospitality Fund. This came one month after the two hotels were acquired by the respective buyers for a total of Kshs 5.0 bn; 680 Hotel valued at Kshs 1.2 bn, and, Crowne Plaza which was valued at Kshs 4.6 bn, while its rebranding and management was to be taken over by Accor Hotels, from Intercontinental Hotels Group. For more information, see our Cytonn Weekly #34/2022.

We have a POSITIVE outlook for the hospitality sector whose performance is expected to be driven by; i) increasing investor confidence in the sector, ii) peaceful post-electioneering period that has enhanced stability in the Kenyan economy, iii) increased activities in sports, tourism, leisure, and conference activities such as the annual world rally championship program held at Naivasha, and, the world travel awards which will be held at Nairobi's Kenyatta International Convention Centre (KICC) on October 15<sup>th</sup> 2022, among others, iv) continuous roll out of COVID-19 vaccine which in turn boost tourism confidence and arrival into the country, v) Positive accolades such as the <u>28th World Travel Awards</u> winners, where Nairobi was voted as Africa's leading business travel destination, and, vi) the aggressive marketing of Kenya's tourism sector via the Magical Kenya Platform, and, Kenya Tourism Board.

# V. Mixed Use Developments

In Q3'2022;

- Local Authorities Pension Fund (LAPF) Kenya in August announced plans to construct a mixed use development facility at an estimated cost of Kshs 10.0 bn in Nakuru County. The mixed use facility will comprise of a shopping mall, a five-star hotel, a warehouse block, residential apartments, a kindergarten school, a petrol station, and, an amusement park. For more information, see <u>Cytonn</u> <u>Weekly #31/2022</u>, and,
- II. Property developer Mi Vida Homes completed and launched the first phase of the Mi Vida housing project worth Kshs 12.0 bn. For more information, see <u>Cytonn Weekly #31/2022</u>.

# Our outlook on Mixed-Use Developments (MUDs) is NEUTRAL supported by the high returns on investment in comparison to single use developments. Despite offering impressive returns for investors, performance of MUDs is expected to be weighed down by existing oversupply in select Real Estate sectors.

# VI. Land Sector

In Q3'2022, the NMA land sector performance remained resilient having recorded a 1.6% capital appreciation to Kshs 130.42 mn per acre, from Kshs 130.41 mn per acre recorded a similar period last year. The sector's improvement in performance was driven by;

- i. Increased construction activities particularly in the residential and infrastructure sectors that in turn fueled the demand for land,
- ii. Positive demographics evidenced by Kenya's high population and urbanization growth rates, as well as the rising middle income population,
- iii. Continued focus on the development of infrastructure such as roads, railways, water and sewer lines by the previous government regime, hence enhancing and opening up areas for investments, as well as boosting land prices, and,
- iv. Availability of amenities such as, learning institutions, shopping malls, and organizations among others, which promote demand for land.

**Overall Performance** - Un-serviced land in the satellite towns of Nairobi recorded the highest YoY capital appreciation of 4.0% with the demand being supported by: i) their affordability, ii) concentration of affordable housing projects in the satellite towns thus driving demand for land, iii) scarcity and high land prices within Nairobi, and, iv) improved accessibility to the areas. Notably, commercial zones recorded a 1.1% decline owing to their high prices, coupled with some developers halting their development plans in these areas which are marred with oversupply of buildings. The table below shows the overall performance of the sector during the quarter:

Price in Kshs Per Acre							
Cytonn Report: Summary of the Performance Across All regions Q3'2022							
Location	Price Q3'2021	Price Q3'2022	Annualized Capital Appreciation				
Un-serviced land-satellite Towns	14.4 mn	15.2 mn	4.0%				
Nairobi Suburbs- High Rise Residential Areas	81.9 mn	84.2 mn	2.8%				
Serviced land-Satellite Towns	15.5 mn	15.9 mn	1.8%				
Nairobi Suburbs- Low Rise Residential Areas	133.7 mn	134.8 mn	0.8%				
Nairobi Suburbs- Commercial Areas	406.5 mn	402.2 mn	(1.1%)				
Average	130.41 mn	130.42 mn	1.6%				

Source: Cytonn Research 2022

**Sub-markets Performance** - For the satellite areas, Juja and Limuru were the best performing nodes both with 8.5% YoY capital appreciations owing to: i) improved infrastructure developments such as the Kshs 30.0 bn Limuru-Nyeri Mau Mau road, and, ii) high concentration of learning institutions around and within the areas. Conversely, Ruai recorded the highest capital depreciation of 6.8% indicating a decline in demand as developers shift their focus to areas with more property developments, coupled with the area being quite far from Nairobi city center. For Nairobi suburbs, Embakasi recorded the highest appreciation of 8.2% due to the increased demand for development land to cater for the rapidly growing population in the area. The table below shows NMA's land performance by submarkets in Q3'2022;

Price in Kshs per Acre			
Cyto	onn Report: Nairobi Metropolitan A	rea Land Performance By Subm	arkets – Q3'2022
Location	Price Q3'2021	Price Q3'2022	Capital Appreciation
	Satellite Tow	ns - Unserviced Land	
Juja	12.0 mn	13.0 mn	8.5%
Limuru	20.0 mn	21.7 mn	8.5%
Rongai	19.0 mn	20.3 mn	6.8%
Utawala	16.0 mn	16.1 mn	1.1%
Athi River	4.9 mn	4.7 mn	(5.1%)
Average	14.4 mn	15.6 mn	4.0%
	Nairobi Subu	rbs – High Rise Areas	
Embakasi	70.3 mn	76.6 mn	8.2%
Kasarani	73.8 mn	77.6 mn	4.9%
Dagoretti	101.5 mn	98.4 mn	(3.2%)
Average	81.9 mn	84.2 mn	2.8%
	Satellite To	wns - Serviced Land	
Ruiru	23.8 mn	25.2 mn	6.0%
Thika	11.0 mn	11.6 mn	5.6%
Rongai	17.0 mn	17.8 mn	4.7%
Syokimau	15.2 mn	15.5 mn	2.0%
Athi River	14.1 mn	14.0 mn	(1.0%)
Ruai	12.2 mn	11.3 mn	(6.8%)
Average	15.5 mn	15.9 mn	1.8%
	Nairobi High End Subi	urbs (Low and High Rise Areas)	
Kitisuru	86.9 mn	90.4 mn	4.0%

Ridgeways	83.0 mn	86.0 mn	3.6%
Karen	63.3 mn	65.2 mn	3.0%
Runda	81.1 mn	82.2mn	1.3%
Spring Valley	169.5 mn	168.7 mn	(0.5%)
Kileleshwa	318.5 mn	316.2 mn	(0.7%)
Average	133.7 mn	134.8 mn	0.8%
	Nairobi Suburbs	- Commercial Zones	
Riverside	329.2 mn	342.1 mn	3.9%
Kilimani	397.1 mn	384.7 mn	1.5%
Upperhill	470.8 mn	461.3 mn	(2.0%)
Westlands	447.1 mn	420.3 mn	(6.0%)
Average	406.5 mn	402.1 mn	(1.1%)

Source: Cytonn Research 2022

We maintain a POSITIVE outlook for the land sector in the Nairobi Metropolitan Area that continues to be a steadfast investment avenue having shown stability despite economic downtrends such as the COVID – 19 pandemic and political uncertainty, as well as devaluation of the currency among others. We expect an to be supported by; i) anticipated increase in the focus on Affordable Housing projects as well as private sector projects, ii) positive demographics driving demand for land, and, iii) government's efforts towards ensuring efficient land transactions.

#### VII. Infrastructure

For notable highlights during the quarter please see our <u>Cytonn Monthly-July 2022</u>, and <u>Cytonn Monthly-August 2022</u> Reports.

#### Weekly highlight;

i. During the week, the Kenya Urban Roads Authority (KURA) through the County Government of Vihiga announced plans to upgrade and revamp eleven roads in Vihiga municipality totaling 20.5 Km at a cost of Kshs 2.5 bn. The project will be jointly implemented by the World Bank under the World Bank urbanization program, with the select areas earmarked for construction being; Mbale, Majengo, Gisambai, Mudete, and Chavakali. Upon completion, the roads are expected to; i) enhance transport services, ii) open up the areas for Real Estate investments, iii) boost property prices, and, iv) promote trade activities within the region.

We expect continued construction and rehabilitation activities in the sector, although at a slower rate given the change in government regime that might see to it a slow implementation of new and the previous government projects. Conversely, some of the initiatives that we expect the government to employ in a bid to implement infrastructure projects include; i) issuance of infrastructure bonds to raise funds for construction, ii) project partnership strategies such as Joint Ventures and Public Private Partnerships, and, iii) yearly budget allocations.

# VIII. Industrial Sector

In Q3'2022;

i. Stihl Group, a German based manufacturing company announced plans to open a new subsidiary, Stihl East Africa, in Nairobi Kenya by the end of August 2022. The move would make Kenya the first East African hub by the manufacturing company and the second African country after South Africa, where the company established a subsidiary in 1996. For more information, see our Cytonn Monthly –August 2022.

We expect the Kenyan Industrial sector to continue improving driven by; i) Kenya's recognition as a business hub in the East Africa region, ii) prioritization in fiscal budgetary allocations to the manufacturing sector, iii)

# growing e-commerce driving demand for storage facilities, and iv) infrastructural developments which have promoted and eased the transportation of goods.

For notable highlights during the year, as well as the statutory reviews, see our <u>Cytonn Q1'2022 Markets</u> <u>Review</u>, <u>Cytonn H1'2022 Markets Review</u>, <u>Cytonn Monthly-July 2022</u> and <u>Cytonn Monthly-August 2022</u>.

## IX. Listed Real Estate

In the Nairobi Stock Exchange, ILAM Fahari I-REIT closed the month of September trading at an average price of Kshs 7.1 per share, representing an 11.8% Year-to-Date (YTD) increase from Kshs 6.4 per share. However, on an Inception-to-Date (ITD) basis, the performance was a 64.5% decline from Kshs 20.0 per share. The graph below shows Fahari I-REIT's performance from November 2015 to 30<sup>th</sup> September 2022:



In the Unquoted Securities Platform, Acorn D-REIT and I-REIT closed the month at Kshs 23.8 and Kshs 20.8 per unit, respectively, as at 2<sup>nd</sup> September 2022. The performance represented a 19.0% and 4.0% gain for the D-REIT and I-REIT, respectively, from the Kshs 20.0 inception price. The volumes traded for the D-REIT and I-REIT came in at 5.5 mn and 14.5 mn shares, respectively, with a turnover of Kshs 117.0 mn and Kshs 300.3 mn, respectively, since its Inception in February 2021.

For notable highlights during the quarter please see our <u>Cytonn Monthly-July 2022</u>, and <u>Cytonn Monthly-August 2022</u> Reports.

We maintain a NEUTRAL outlook for the Real Estate sector whose upward performance will be mainly driven by; i) initiation and implementation of various housing projects, ii) slow but rising expansion and uptake of space in the office market, iii) aggressive expansion in the retail sector, iv) growing foreign investor confidence in Kenya's property market thus driving investments and expansion, v) continuous recovery of the hospitality sector, vi) enforcement of various statutory regulations to enhance smooth transaction of activities in the property market, and, vii) continued growth of the industrial sector. However, the existence of excess supply of space in the commercial office and retail sectors, slow delivery of affordable housing projects, high cost of construction materials, and, the low investor appetite for REITs is expected to hinder the optimum performance of the sector.

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