Kenya Retail Report 2022, & Cytonn Weekly #32/2022

Executive Summary

Fixed Income: During the week, T-bills remained undersubscribed, with the overall subscription rate coming in at 72.4%, up from the 48.3% recorded the previous week. The undersubscription was partly attributable to the tightened liquidity in the money market with the average interbank rate increasing to 5.6%, from 5.3% recorded the previous week. Investors' preference for the shorter 91-day paper persisted, with the paper receiving bids worth Kshs 12.0 bn against the offered Kshs 4.0 bn, translating to a subscription rate of 299.8%, up from the 186.9% recorded the previous week. The subscription rate for the 182-day paper increased to 39.3% from 20.5% while that of the 364-day paper declined to 14.5%, from 20.6%, recorded the previous week. The yields on the government papers continued to increase, with the yields on the 364-day, 182-day and 91-day papers increasing by 0.2 bps, 3.3 bps, and 9.2 bps to 9.9%, 9.4% and 8.6%, respectively;

Equities: During the week, the equities market was on an upward trajectory with NASI, NSE 20 and NSE 25 gaining by 3.4%, 4.2% and 3.6%, respectively, taking their YTD performance to losses of 12.1%, 6.0% and 9.0%, for NASI, NSE 20 and NSE 25, respectively. The equities market performance was mainly driven by gains recorded by large-cap stocks such as Co-operative Bank, ABSA, Equity Group and Diamond Trust Bank (DTB-K) of 7.6%, 5.3%, 4.7% and 3.6%, respectively;

Real Estate: During the week, international restaurant chain Java House Africa Group, announced that it was seeking franchisees under its Kukito Brand which primarily serves grilled chicken and fries, in a bid to accelerate its growth in the country. In the industrial sector, Stihl Group, a German based manufacturing company announced plans to open a new subsidiary dubbed Stihl East Africa, in Nairobi by the end of August 2022. In the Nairobi Stock Exchange, Fahari I-REIT closed the week trading at an average price of Kshs 7.1 per share;

Focus of the Week: This week we update our Kenya Retail Report 2021 with the Kenya Retail Report 2022 themed "Accelerated Retail Investments" in which we discuss the progress and performance of the Kenyan retail sector. We conducted research on 9 nodes within the Nairobi metropolitan Area (NMA), as well as other key urban cities in Kenya which include Nakuru, Kisumu, Eldoret, Mombasa, and the Mount Kenya Region. According to the report, the Kenyan retail sector's overall performance remained stable, with the average rental yield coming in at 6.8% in 2022, unchanged from what was recorded in 2021. Notably, the average rent per SQFT increased by 3.5% to Kshs 122 in 2022 from Kshs 118 in 2021, while the average occupancy rate slightly declined by 1.1% points to 77.3% in 2022, from 78.4% that was recorded in 2021;

Company Updates

Investment Updates:

- Weekly Rates:
 - Cytonn Money Market Fund closed the week at a yield of 10.57%. To invest, dial *809# or download the Cytonn App from Google Playstore <u>here</u> or from the Appstore <u>here</u>;
 - Cytonn High Yield Fund closed the week at a yield of 13.93% p.a. To invest, email us at sales@cytonn.com and to withdraw the interest, dial *809# or download the Cytonn App from Google Playstore here or from the Appstore here;
- We continue to offer Wealth Management Training every Wednesday and every third Saturday of the month, from 9:00 am to 11:00 am, through our Cytonn Foundation. The training aims to grow financial literacy among the general public. To register for any of our Wealth Management Trainings, click here;
- If interested in our Private Wealth Management Training for your employees or investment group, please get in touch with us through wmt@cytonn.com;

- Any CHYS and CPN investors still looking to convert are welcome to consider one of the five projects currently available for assignment, click here for the latest term sheet;
- Cytonn Insurance Agency acts as an intermediary for those looking to secure their assets and loved
 ones' future through insurance namely; Motor, Medical, Life, Property, WIBA, Credit and Fire and
 Burglary insurance covers. For assistance, get in touch with us through insuranceagency@cytonn.com;
- Cytonnaire Savings and Credit Co-operative Society Limited (SACCO) provides a savings and investments avenue to help you in your financial planning journey. To enjoy competitive investment returns, kindly get in touch with us through clientservices@cytonn.com;

Real Estate Updates:

- For an exclusive tour of Cytonn's real estate developments, visit: <u>Sharp Investor's Tour</u>, and for more information, email us at <u>sales@cytonn.com</u>;
- Phase 3 of The Alma is now ready for occupation and the show house is open daily. To rent please email properties@cytonn.com;
- We have 8 investment-ready projects, offering attractive development and buyer targeted returns; See further details here: Summary of Investment-ready Projects;
- For Third Party Real Estate Consultancy Services, email us at rdo@cytonn.com;
- For recent news about the group, see our news section <u>here</u>;

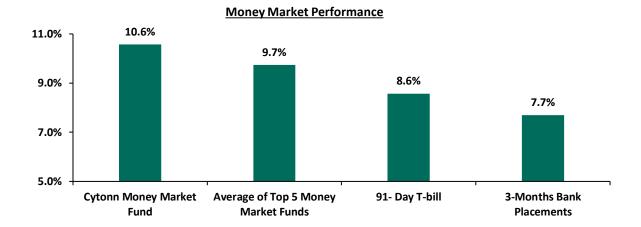
Hospitality Updates:

We currently have promotions for Staycations. Visit <u>cysuites.com/offers</u> for details or email us at <u>sales@cysuites.com</u>;

Fixed Income

Money Markets, T-Bills Primary Auction:

During the week, T-bills remained undersubscribed, with the overall subscription rate coming in at 72.4%, up from the 48.3% recorded the previous week. The undersubscription was partly attributable to the tightened liquidity in the money market with the average interbank rate increasing to 5.6%, from 5.3% recorded the previous week. Investors' preference for the shorter 91-day paper persisted, with the paper receiving bids worth Kshs 12.0 bn against the offered Kshs 4.0 bn, translating to a subscription rate of 299.8%, up from the 186.9% recorded the previous week. The subscription rate for the 182-day paper increased to 39.3% from 20.5% recorded the previous week while that of the 364-day paper declined to 14.5%, from 20.6% recorded the previous week. The yields on the government papers continued to increase, with the yields on the 364-day, 182-day and 91-day papers increasing by 0.2 bps, 3.3 bps, and 9.2 bps to 9.9%, 9.4% and 8.6%, respectively. The government accepted a total of Kshs 17.3 bn worth of bids out of the Kshs 17.4 bn worth of bids received, translating to an acceptance rate of 99.7%.



In the money markets, 3-month bank placements ended the week at 7.7% (based on what we have been offered by various banks), while the yield on the 91-day T-bill increased by 9.2 bps to 8.6%. The average yield of the Top 5 Money Market Funds decreased by 200.0 bps to 9.7% from 9.9% as was recorded last week while the yield on the Cytonn Money Market Fund remained relatively unchanged at 10.6%, as was recorded the previous week.

The table below shows the Money Market Fund Yields for Kenyan Fund Managers as published on 12th August 2022:

| | Money Market Fund Yield for Fund Managers as published on 12th | 1 August 2022 |
|------|--|-----------------------|
| Rank | Fund Manager | Effective Annual Rate |
| 1 | Cytonn Money Market Fund | 10.6% |
| 2 | Zimele Money Market Fund | 9.9% |
| 3 | Sanlam Money Market Fund | 9.6% |
| 4 | Apollo Money Market Fund | 9.4% |
| 5 | Madison Money Market Fund | 9.3% |
| 6 | Nabo Africa Money Market Fund | 9.3% |
| 7 | Old Mutual Money Market Fund | 9.2% |
| 8 | Dry Associates Money Market Fund | 9.1% |
| 9 | NCBA Money Market Fund | 9.0% |
| 10 | CIC Money Market Fund | 9.0% |
| 11 | Co-op Money Market Fund | 9.0% |
| 12 | GenCap Hela Imara Money Market Fund | 8.9% |
| 13 | ICEA Lion Money Market Fund | 8.6% |
| 14 | Orient Kasha Money Market Fund | 8.4% |
| 15 | AA Kenya Shillings Fund | 8.0% |
| 16 | British-American Money Market Fund | 7.5% |

Source: Business Daily

Liquidity:

During the week, liquidity in the money markets tightened, with the average interbank rate increasing to 5.6%, from 5.3% recorded the previous week, partly attributable to tax remittances that offset government payments. The average interbank volumes traded increased by 4.8% to Kshs 25.9 bn, from Kshs 25.0 bn recorded the previous week.

Kenya Eurobonds:

During the week, the yields on all Eurobonds were on a downward trajectory, an indication of easing risk concerns over the economy by investors. The yields on the 7-year Eurobond issued in 2019 and the 10-year Eurobond issued in 2014 recorded the highest decline having declined by 3.0% points each to 13.0% and 12.2%, from 16.0% and 15.2%, respectively, recorded the previous week. The table below shows the summary of the performance of the Kenyan Eurobonds as of 11th August 2022;

| | | Kenya E | urobonds Perforn | nance | | |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------------------|--------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2014 | 20 | 18 | 20 | 19 | 2021 |
| Date | 10-year issue | 10-year issue | 10-year issue 30-year issue | | 12-year issue | 12-year issue |
| 03-Jan-22 | 4.4% | 8.1% | 8.1% | 5.6% | 6.7% | 6.6% |
| 30-Jun-22 | 17.0% | 14.7% | 13.7% | 16.1% | 13.8% | 12.7% |
| 05-Aug-22 | 15.2% | 14.6% | 13.2% | 16.0% | 13.7% | 12.3% |
| 08-Aug-22 | 14.1% | 13.8% | 12.4% | 15.4% | 13.1% | 11.4% |
| 09-Aug-22 | 13.6% | 13.2% | 12.0% | 14.5% | 12.7% | 11.4% |
| 10-Aug-22 | 13.2% | 13.3% | 12.0% | 13.9% | 12.7% | 11.3% |
| 11-Aug-22 | 12.2% | 12.3% | 11.5% | 13.0% | 12.2% | 10.3% |
| Weekly Change | (3.0%) | (2.3%) | (1.7%) | (3.0%) | (1.5%) | (2.0%) |
| MTD Change | (4.8%) | (2.4%) | (2.2%) | (3.1%) | (1.6%) | (2.5%) |
| YTD Change | 7.8% | 4.3% | 3.4% | 7.4% | 5.5% | 3.7% |

Source: Central Bank of Kenya (CBK)

Kenya Shilling:

During the week, the Kenyan shilling continued to depreciate against the US dollar to close the week at Kshs 119.3, a 0.2% depreciation from Kshs 119.1 recorded the previous week, partly attributable to increased dollar demand from the oil and energy sectors against a slower supply of hard currency. On a year to date basis, the shilling has depreciated by 5.5% against the dollar, higher than the 3.6% depreciation recorded in 2021. We expect the shilling to remain under pressure in 2022 as a result of:

- a. High global crude oil prices on the back of persistent supply chain bottlenecks coupled with high demand as most economies gradually recover,
- b. Increased demand from merchandise traders as they beef up their hard currency positions in anticipation for increased demand as economies pick up,
- c. An ever-present current account deficit due to an imbalance between imports and exports, with Kenya's current account deficit estimated at 5.3% of GDP in the 12 months to May 2022 compared to the 5.0% within a similar period in 2021. The wider deficit reflects a higher import bill, particularly for petroleum products, with the imports for Q1'2022 increasing by 14.5%, 5.7% points higher than the 8.8% increase in exports, and,
- d. The aggressively growing government debt, with Kenya's public debt having increased at a 10-year CAGR of 18.2% to Kshs 8.6 tn in May 2022, from Kshs 1.6 tn in May 2012 thus putting pressure on forex reserves to service some of the public debt. It is worth noting that the average GDP growth over the same period has been 3.9%, indicating that the increase in debt is not translating into GDP growth.

The shilling is however expected to be supported by:

i. Sufficient Forex reserves currently at USD 7.7 bn (equivalent to 4.4-months of import cover), which is above the statutory requirement of maintaining at least 4.0-months of import cover, and the EAC region's convergence criteria of 4.5-months of import cover. In addition, the reserves were boosted by the USD 750.0 mn World Bank loan facility received in March 2022 and are expected to be boosted further by the USD 235.6 mn <u>funding</u> from the International Monetary Fund (IMF), and,

ii. Improving diaspora remittances evidenced by a 6.6% y/y increase to USD 326.1 mn as of June 2022, from USD 305.9 mn recorded over the same period in 2021, which has continued to cushion the shilling against a faster depreciation. In the recently released June 2022 diaspora remittances figures, North America remained the largest source of remittances to Kenya accounting for 59.1% in the period, followed by Europe at 18.2% while the rest of the world accounted for 22.7% of the total.

Rates in the Fixed Income market have remained relatively high due to the relatively heightened perceived risk by investors. As it is still early in the financial year, the government is 54.1% behind its prorated borrowing target of Kshs 67.1 bn having borrowed Kshs 30.8 bn of the Kshs 581.7 bn borrowing target for the FY'2022/2023. We expect sustained gradual economic recovery as evidenced by the revenue collections of Kshs 2.0 tn in the FY'2021/2022, equivalent to a 2.8% outperformance. Despite the performance, we believe that the projected budget deficit of 6.2% for the FY'2022/2023 is relatively ambitious given the downside risks and deteriorating business environment occasioned by high inflationary pressures. We however expect the support from the IMF and World Bank to finance some of the government projects and thus help maintain a stable interest rate environment since the government is not desperate for cash. Owing to this, our view is that investors should be biased towards short-term fixed-income securities to reduce duration risk.

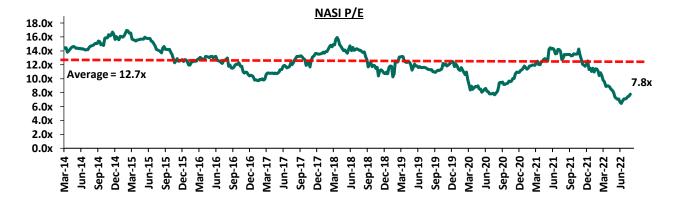
Equities

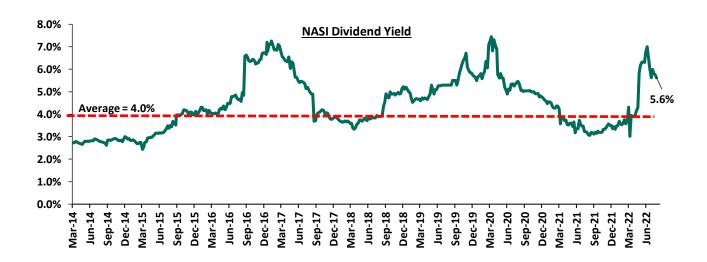
Markets Performance

During the week, the equities market was on an upward trajectory with NASI, NSE 20 and NSE 25 gaining by 3.4%, 4.2% and 3.6%, respectively, taking their YTD performance to losses of 12.1%, 6.0% and 9.0%, for NASI, NSE 20 and NSE 25, respectively. The equities market performance was mainly driven by gains recorded by large-cap stocks such as Co-operative Bank, ABSA, Equity Group and Diamond Trust Bank (DTB-K) of 7.6%, 5.3%, 4.7% and 3.6%, respectively.

During the week, equities turnover declined by 33.1% to USD 9.1 mn, from USD 13.6 mn recorded the previous week, taking the YTD turnover to USD 556.3 mn. Additionally, foreign investors remained net sellers, with a net selling position of USD 4.1 mn, from a net selling position of USD 4.3 mn recorded the previous week, taking the YTD net selling position to USD 139.4 mn.

The market is currently trading at a price to earnings ratio (P/E) of 7.8x, 39.1% below the historical average of 12.7x, and a dividend yield of 5.6%, 1.6% points above the historical average of 4.0%. Key to note, NASI's PEG ratio currently stands at 1.0x, an indication that the market is fairly valued relative to its future growth. A PEG ratio greater than 1.0x indicates the market may be overvalued while a PEG ratio less than 1.0x indicates that the market is undervalued. The charts below indicate the historical P/E and dividend yields of the market:





Universe of coverage:

| Company | Price as at 05/08/2022 | Price as at 12/08/2022 | w/w change | YTD Change | Target Price* | Dividend Yield | Upside/ Downside** | P/TBv Multiple | Recommendation |
|--------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Kenya Reinsurance | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.0% | (8.7%) | 3.2 | 4.8% | 56.9% | 0.2x | Buy |
| Jubilee Holdings | 245.5 | 252.5 | 2.9% | (20.3%) | 379.4 | 5.5% | 55.8% | 0.5x | Buy |
| I&M Group*** | 17.0 | 17.0 | 0.0% | (20.6%) | 22.3 | 8.8% | 40.0% | 0.5x | Buy |
| Sanlam | 11.6 | 11.7 | 0.4% | 0.9% | 15.9 | 0.0% | 36.5% | 1.2x | Buy |
| Liberty Holdings | 5.9 | 6.0 | 1.7% | (15.0%) | 7.8 | 0.0% | 30.0% | 0.4x | Buy |
| Diamond Trust Bank*** | 49.0 | 50.8 | 3.6% | (14.7%) | 62.4 | 5.9% | 28.9% | 0.2x | Buy |
| KCB Group*** | 41.8 | 43.1 | 3.1% | (5.5%) | 52.2 | 7.0% | 28.2% | 0.9x | Buy |
| Britam | 6.0 | 6.3 | 4.7% | (16.9%) | 7.7 | 0.0% | 22.6% | 1.0x | Buy |
| NCBA*** | 25.6 | 26.2 | 2.5% | 2.9% | 29.1 | 11.5% | 22.5% | 0.6x | Buy |
| ABSA Bank*** | 11.4 | 12.0 | 5.3% | 2.1% | 13.6 | 9.2% | 22.5% | 1.2x | Buy |
| Stanbic Holdings | 96.0 | 98.8 | 2.9% | 13.5% | 109.8 | 9.1% | 20.3% | 0.9x | Buy |
| Co-op Bank*** | 11.9 | 12.8 | 7.6% | (1.5%) | 14.1 | 7.8% | 18.0% | 1.0x | Accumulate |
| Equity Group*** | 48.3 | 50.5 | 4.7% | (4.3%) | 54.4 | 5.9% | 13.7% | 1.3x | Accumulate |
| Standard Chartered*** | 135.3 | 139.3 | 3.0% | 7.1% | 137.0 | 10.1% | 8.4% | 1.1x | Hold |
| CIC Group | 2.0 | 2.0 | 0.5% | (7.8%) | 2.1 | 0.0% | 5.0% | 0.7x | Hold |
| HF Group | 3.5 | 3.5 | 0.0% | (7.9%) | 2.8 | 0.0% | (20.0%) | 0.2x | Sell |

Target Price as per Cytonn Analyst estimates

We are "Neutral" on the Equities markets in the short term due to the current adverse operating environment and huge foreign investor outflows, and, "Bullish" in the long term due to current cheap valuations and expected global and local economic recovery.

With the market currently trading at a fair value to its future growth (PEG Ratio at 1.0x), we believe that investors should reposition towards value stocks with strong earnings growth and that are trading at

^{**}Upside/ (Downside) is adjusted for Dividend Yield

^{***}For Disclosure, these are stocks in which Cytonn and/or its affiliates are invested in

discounts to their intrinsic value. We expect the current high foreign investors sell-offs, the upcoming Kenyan general elections and the slow vaccine rollout to continue weighing down the economic outlook in the short term.

Real Estate

I. Retail Sector

During the week, international restaurant chain Java House Africa Group, announced that it was seeking franchisees under its Kukito Brand which primarily serves grilled chicken and fries, in a bid to accelerate its growth in Kenya. The restaurant chain is looking to partner with local investors for an undisclosed amount who will use the Kukito brand name to establish more fast food outlets across the country. This comes after the Group announced plans to open 30 new Kukito outlets in various parts of Nairobi in July 2021, reflecting the Group's proactive expansion strategies. Currently, Java operates a total of seven Kukito outlets in the country, six in Nairobi County and one in Machakos County. The partnership decision by the restaurant chain is mainly driven by;

- i. Its need to step up competition from its close rivals such as Kentucky's Finest Chicken (KFC), and Subway restaurant among others,
- ii. Its need to foster growth and popularity in the retail market through expansion,
- iii. Positive demographics such as the rising middle income earning class with a higher purchasing power, and,
- iv. Increasing investor confidence in the Kenyan retail market evidenced by the aggressive expansion by international retailers as a result of Nairobi's recognition as a regional hub. Some of the retailers include Simbisa brands, Eat'N'Go Limited, and ChicKing among many others.

Kenya remains a good investment opportunity for retail business despite the uncertainties posed by the resurgence of the pandemic, the heated political environment, as well as the increased cost of living. We expect the move by Java House Africa Group to accelerate growth in the retail sector in terms of rental yield and occupancy given the existing oversupply of retail space in some of the regions such as Nairobi. Notably, Nairobi recorded an average rental yield of 7.8% in 2022, 1.0% point higher than the market average of 6.8%, mainly driven by the higher rental rates that the retail spaces fetch at Kshs 173 per SQFT, compared to the market average of Kshs 122 per SQFT, as shown in the table below;

| Kenya Retail Performance 2022 | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Region | Rent (Kshs per SQFT) | Occupancy Rate | Rental Yield | | | | | | | |
| Nairobi | 173 | 75.9% | 7.8% | | | | | | | |
| Nakuru | 73 | 81.3% | 7.4% | | | | | | | |
| Mombasa | 110 | 84.0% | 7.0% | | | | | | | |
| Kisumu | 108 | 79.7% | 7.0% | | | | | | | |
| Eldoret | 132 | 86.1% | 6.6% | | | | | | | |
| Mount Kenya | 138 | 56.7% | 5.3% | | | | | | | |
| Average | 122 | 77.3% | 6.8% | | | | | | | |

Source; Cytonn Research

We expect the retail sector to continue witnessing rapid development activities which in turn boost its performance driven by; i) the aggressive expansion by retailers in the country, ii) rapid infrastructure developments such as roads which promote investments through accessibility and boosting prices, iii) ease of doing business in the country, and, iv) rapid population and urbanization growth rates driving demand for goods and services. Conversely, e-commerce and the existing oversupply of retail spaces in the country at 2.2 mn SQFT is expected to weigh down the optimum uptake of spaces and the overall performance of the sector.

II. Industrial Sector

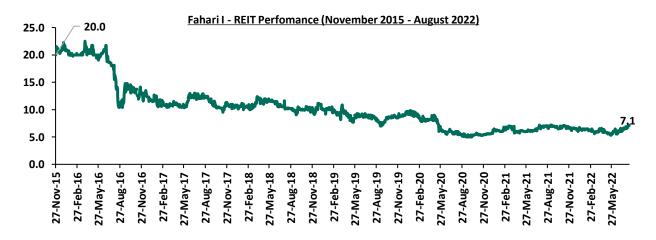
During the week, Stihl Group, a German based manufacturing company announced plans to open a new subsidiary dubbed Stihl East Africa, in Nairobi Kenya by the end of August 2022. This will make Kenya the first East African hub by the manufacturing company and the second African country after South Africa, where the company established a subsidiary in 1996. Stihl intends to distribute its agricultural and construction equipment to the East African countries which include Tanzania, Uganda, Burundi, Rwanda, South Sudan, Ethiopia, and Somalia, through Kenya which presents the best investment opportunity mainly driven by;

- i. Rapid infrastructure developments particularly in the transport sector which enhances transport of goods in and out of the country. Some of the recently concluded projects include the Nairobi Expressway and berth one of the LAPPSET Corridor among many others. Some of the ongoing projects include the Metre Guage Railway, Western Bypass which is nearing completion, and the Nadapal River Section A1 road project, among many others,
- ii. The considerable contribution of agriculture and construction sectors to the Kenyan economy, accounting for 23.3% and 7.3%, respectively to Kenya's GDP in Q1'2022. This is expected to benefit Stihl's agricultural and construction manufacturing businesses,
- iii. The continuous recognition of Nairobi, Kenya as a regional hub thus boosting investor confidence in the country, whilst also attracting numerous foreign investments and developments, and,
- iv. Rapid urbanization and population growth rates currently at 4.0% p.a and 2.2% p.a, respectively, against the global average of 1.8% p.a and 1.0% p.a, respectively, as at 2021, thus driving demand for goods and services.

Kenya's industrial sector continues to experience rapid growth evidenced by the various expansion and construction activities that have occurred in the sector including; i) Grit Real Estate Income Group which completed the purchase of Orbit Products Africa, a warehouse and manufacturing facility located in Machakos County, at a cost of Kshs 6.1 bn in March 2022, and, ii) Purple Dot International Limited, which announced plans to develop a warehousing hub worth Kshs 600.0 mn at the Harvest Industrial Park in Athi River, in May 2022, among others. We expect the trend to continue shaping the sector's performance owing primarily to the rapid infrastructure developments, coupled with the increasing investor confidence in Kenya's property market which drives both local and international investments in the country.

III. Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs)

In the Nairobi Stock Exchange, ILAM Fahari I - REIT closed the week trading at an average price of Kshs 7.1 per share. The performance represents a 10.9% Year-to-Date (YTD) increase from Kshs 6.4 per share. On an Inception-to-Date (ITD) basis, the REIT's performance continues to be weighed down having realized a 64.5% decline from Kshs 20.0. The graph below shows Fahari I-REIT's performance from November 2015 to July 2022:



Kenya's property market continues to register remarkable performance and developments attributed to; rapid expansion in the retail market, Nairobi's recognition as a regional hub hence promoting investments, and, aggressive infrastructure developments which promotes investments. However, investor's minimal appetite for the REIT instrument is expected to continue weighing down the overall investments in REITs.

Focus of the Week: Kenya Retail Report 2022

In September 2021, we published the <u>Kenya Retail Report 2021</u> themed "Rapid Expansion by Retailers to Cushion the Retail Sector," which highlighted that the Kenyan retail sector performance recorded a 0.1% increase in the average rental yield to 6.8%, from 6.7% in 2020. The average occupancy rate and rent also increased by 1.8% points and 2.2% points, respectively, to 78.4% and Kshs 118 per SQFT in 2021 from 76.6% and Kshs 115 per SQFT in 2020, respectively. This was mainly attributed to an improved business environment as well as aggressive expansion by local and international retailers such as Carrefour and Naivas which cushioned the overall performance of the retail market.

This week, we update our Kenya Retail Report 2021 with the Kenya Retail Report 2022 themed "Accelerated Retail Investments" in which we discuss the progress and performance of the Kenyan retail sector. We conducted research on 9 nodes within the Nairobi metropolitan Area (NMA), as well as other key urban cities in Kenya which include Nakuru, Kisumu, Eldoret, Mombasa, and the Mount Kenya Region, in order to identify the market performance based on rents, occupancy rates, and rental yields. We shall therefore cover the topic in the following ways;

- i. Overview of the Kenya Retail Sector in 2022,
- ii. Kenya Retail Sector 2022 Performance Summary,
- iii. Retail Space Demand Analysis,
- iv. Retail Sector Investment Opportunity, and,
- v. Retail Sector Outlook.

Section I: Overview of the Kenya Retail Sector in 2022

The Kenya retail sector registered increased market activities in 2022 evidenced by the aggressive expansion by major local and international retailers, and developments. Some of the retailers who have been on an aggressive expansion drive during the year include; i) Naivas supermarket which opened 5 new stores spread across Nairobi, Machakos, Kiambu, and, Nakuru Counties, and plans to open a new outlet in Meru County, ii) QuickMart supermarket which opened 3 new stores in Nairobi and Kitengela Counties, and, iii) Chandarana Food Plus which opened a new outlet in Nairobi's Westlands, and plans to open 4 new outlets in the country. The table below shows a summary of the number of stores of the key local and international retailer supermarket chains in Kenya;

| | Main Local and International Retail Supermarket Chains | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---------------------|--|---|---|---|---|---|--------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Name of retailer | Category | Highest number of branches that have existed as at FY' 2018 | Highest number of branches that have existed as at FY' 2019 | Highest number of branches that have existed as at FY' 2020 | Highest number of branches that have existed as at FY' 2021 | Number of branches opened in 2022 | Closed branches | Current number of branches | Number of branches expected to be opened | Projected number of branches FY'2022 | | | |
| Naivas | Local | 46 | 61 | 69 | 79 | 5 | 0 | 84 | 1 | 85 | | | |
| QuickMart | Local | 10 | 29 | 37 | 48 | 3 | 0 | 51 | 0 | 51 | | | |
| Chandarana | Local | 14 | 19 | 20 | 23 | 1 | 1 | 24 | 4 | 28 | | | |
| Carrefour | International | 6 | 7 | 9 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0 | 16 | | | |
| Cleanshelf | Local | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 0 | 0 | 12 | 0 | 12 | | | |

| Tuskys | Local | 53 | 64 | 64 | 3 | 0 | 61 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
|----------------|---------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|-----|-----|---|-----|
| Game Stores | International | 2 | 2 | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Uchumi | Local | 37 | 37 | 37 | 2 | 0 | 35 | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Choppies | International | 13 | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 13 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Shoprite | International | 2 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Nakumatt | Local | 65 | 65 | 65 | 0 | 0 | 65 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Total | | 257 | 313 | 334 | 186 | 9 | 179 | 195 | 5 | 200 |

Other franchisees that have embarked on expansion in Kenya include:

- i.) Eat'N'Go Limited, an international fast food chain, which opened a new outlet in Westlands Square, Nairobi, bringing its total operating outlets in Nairobi to 9. In March 2022, the master franchisee for the Domino's Pizza, Cold Stone Creamery, and Pinkberry Gourmet Frozen Yoghurt brands, also announced plans to open 100 new stores in Kenya, beginning with Nanyuki, Kisumu, Eldoret, and Nakuru towns,
- ii.) Optica Limited, a local eye-wear retailer, which opened four new outlets in Kitengela, Imaara Mall, Kilimani, and Ruiru, bringing its total number of operating outlets countrywide to 62,
- iii.) Chicken Cottage, a UK fast-food chain announced a partnership deal with Express Kitchen, a subsidiary of AAH Limited to open 50 outlets at Hass Petroleum's service stations in Kenya, Rwanda, Tanzania and Uganda this year,
- iv.) Simbisa Brands, Zimbabwe's largest fast-food restaurant operator, which runs quick-service restaurants such as Chicken Inn, Pizza Inn, Bakers Inn, and Creamy Inn, announced plans to expand to 245 outlets in Kenya in 2022 from the 190 outlets as at December 2021,
- v.) ChicKing, an international fast food chain, in partnership with M/s Crispy Limited, a local franchise, announced plans to open 30 new outlets in Kenya, over the next five years, and,
- vi.) Java House, an international restaurant chain, announced plans to open five new outlets in the country by October 2022.

The aggressive expansion moves by some of the retailers who are also taking up space previously occupied by troubled retailers has continued to cushion the market's performance. Other developments in the pipeline include the Ojijo Mall in Westlands, and, Beacon Mall in Nairobi's CBD.

Some of the factors driving growth in the sector include;

- i. Accessibility- The government has continued to focus on the development of infrastructure roads such as the Nairobi Kisumu Highway and Nairobi Expressway, which have improved access to retail stores, while also opening various parts of the country for investment opportunities as well as boosting retail space prices,
- **ii. Positive Demographics-** Kenya's relatively high urbanization and population growth rates have continued to drive demand for goods and services which trickles down to the demand for more retail spaces,
- **iii. Increasing Foreign Investor Appetite-** Kenya's recognition as a regional hub worldwide has attracted many international organizations and retailers into the country who have continued to increase the demand for retail space in the country,
- iv. Availability of Prime Retail Spaces- This is evidenced by the aggressive expansion of both local and international retailers such as Naivas and Eat'N'Go Limited taking up new as well as spaces previously occupied by troubled retailers such as Tuskys and Nakumatt supermarkets, which has continued to cushion the sector against dwindling occupancy rates. This is in addition to the rapid competition

- among retailers for the retail spaces in a bid to gain and maintain market popularity and footprint, and,
- v. Ease of Doing Business- Investor confidence has also been enhanced with Kenya currently ranking position 56 in terms of ease of doing business as at 2019 according to the World Bank. This is compared to position 113 five years ago. The improvement has driven more expansion activities and developments in the country thereby initiating growth of the sector. The graph below shows Kenya's ranking performance over the last five years;

120 113 100 - 80 - 61 56 - 60 - 40 - 20 - 0

2017

2018

2019

Source; World Bank

2015

Despite the above supporting factors, there exists challenges that impede the growth and overall performance of the sector which include;

2016

- **i. High Construction Costs** The increased building cost indices which stood at 112.1 as of Q1'2022, up from the 102.5 that was <u>recorded</u> in a similar period in 2021, continues to discourage potential development in the sector due to the overall high construction costs,
- ii. Inaccessibility to Credit Loans- Access to adequate credit has remained a challenge, given the increasing loan default rates in the property sector as financial institutions such as commercial banks continue to tighten their lending terms. According to the Central Bank of Kenya, the overall non-performing loans in the Real Estate sector came in at Kshs 78.5 bn in Q1'2022, an 11.3% increase from Kshs 70.5 bn that was recorded in Q1'2021,
- **iii. Online Shopping and E-Commerce Strategy-** At the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic, most retail business adopted the online and e-commerce business strategy which has led to a decline in the demand for physical retail space and an overall hindrance of its growth and performance, and,
- **iv. Oversupply-** Urban cities such as Nairobi and Kisumu continue to remain oversupplied at 3.0 mn SQFT and 0.2 mn SQFT, respectively, thereby causing developers to halt their plans awaiting the absorption of the existing spaces.

Section II: Kenya Retail Sector 2022 Performance Summary

Our analysis of the retail market performance covers the general market performance within key nodes in the Nairobi Metropolitan Area (NMA), as well as the performance of key urban cities in the country. The Kenyan retail sector's overall performance remained stable, with the average rental yield coming in at 6.8% in 2022, unchanged from what was recorded in 2021. Notably, the average rent per SQFT increased by 3.5% to Kshs 122 in 2022 from Kshs 118 in 2021, owing to an improved economy that resulted to increased transaction volumes, coupled with the addition of high end malls that attracted higher rental rates such as the GTC Mall in Nairobi. The average occupancy rate however declined by 1.1% points to 77.3% in 2022, from 78.4% that was recorded in 2021, mainly attributed to the addition of new malls into the market such as the GTC and Meru Greenwood Malls among others, which in turn weighed down the overall absorption rate.

a. Retail Sector Performance in Kenya Over Time

The Kenyan retail sector has remained stable over time, despite the decline in the rental yields, with the average rent per SQFT recording a five year negative CAGR of 2.9% to Kshs 122 in 2022, from Kshs 141 that was recorded in 2017. This is as a result of the growing supply of retail spaces that has forced landlords to provide rent discounts in order to attract and retain existing clients while also filling up the excess space. The average occupancy rate also declined by 2.9% points to 77.3% in 2022, from 80.2% that was recorded in 2017, mainly attributed to the addition of new malls into the market, which in turn weighed down the overall absorption rate. The performance of the sector across the key cities is as summarized below:

| | Kenya's Retail Performance Summary-2022 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Item | em 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 Δ Y/Y 2022/2021 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Asking rents (Kshs/SQFT) | 155 | 141 | 132 | 118 | 115 | 118 | 122 | 3.5% | | | | | |
| Average Occupancy (%) 82.9% 80.2% 86.0% 77.3% 76.6% 78.4% 77.3% (1.1%) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Average Rental Yield 8.7% 8.3% 8.6% 7.0% 6.7% 6.8% 6.8% 0.0% | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Cytonn Research

b. Nairobi Metropolitan Area (NMA) Retail Market Performance

The NMA retail market recorded an average rental yield of 7.8% in 2022, 0.3% points higher than the 7.5% that was recorded in 2021. The performance was driven by the increased rental and occupancy rates which came in at Kshs 173 per SQFT and 75.9%, respectively in 2022, from Kshs 168 per SQFT and 75.8%, respectively, in 2021.

i. Performance by Nodes

Kilimani, Westlands, and, Karen were the best performing nodes with average rental yields of 9.7%, 9.0% and 8.9%, respectively, compared to the overall market average of 7.8%. The remarkable performance was driven by the presence of quality retail spaces fetching prime rents and yields. Additionally, superior locations containing affluent residents with a high consumer purchasing power, and adequate infrastructure supported the performance. However, Westlands recorded the largest decline in the average rental yield, having declined by 0.7% points, from 9.7% in 2021 due to the additional mall supply which hindered the optimum performance.

Eastlands ranked last recording an average rental yield of 5.9%, unchanged from what was recorded in 2021. The rental rates slightly declined by 1.9% to Kshs 133 Per SQFT from Kshs 135 per SQFT as a result of the high competition from informal retail centers. However, the occupancy rate increased by 1.7% points to 74.2% in 2022 from 72.5% in 2021 following the improved uptake of retail spaces in the area such as Naivas supermarket which opened a new outlet at Greenspan Mall, in February 2022.

The table below shows the submarket performance of nodes in the Nairobi Metropolitan Area (NMA):

| | Nairobi Metropolitan area (NMA) 2022 Retail Performance | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| Area | Rent Kshs /SQFT 2021 | Occupancy% 2021 | Rental Yield 2021 | Rent Kshs /SQFT 2022 | Occupancy% 2022 | Rental Yield 2022 | 2022 Δ in Rental Rates | 2022 Δ in Occupancy (% points) | 2022 Δ in Rental Yield (% points) | | | | |
| Kilimani | 172 | 83.6% | 9.0% | 182 | 85.0% | 9.7% | 5.8% | 1.4% | 0.7% | | | | |
| Westlands | 209 | 80.4% | 9.7% | 215 | 72.9% | 9.0% | 2.9% | (7.5%) | (0.7%) | | | | |
| Karen | 214 | 80.8% | 9.4% | 205 | 78.6% | 8.9% | (4.2%) | (2.2%) | (0.5%) | | | | |
| Kiambu road | 178 | 70.4% | 7.2% | 187 | 73.3% | 8.1% | 5.1% | 2.9% | 0.9% | | | | |
| Ngong Road | 175 | 78.0% | 7.8% | 169 | 78.0% | 7.5% | (3.3%) | 0.0% | (0.3%) | | | | |

| Mombasa Road | 136 | 70.5% | 6.0% | 150 | 78.5% | 7.3% | 10.3% | 8.0% | 1.3% |
|-----------------|-----|-------|------|-----|-------|------|--------|--------|--------|
| Thika Road | 158 | 74.2% | 6.7% | 165 | 74.8% | 7.3% | 4.4% | 0.5% | 0.6% |
| Satellite towns | 138 | 72.2% | 6.1% | 138 | 70.7% | 6.0% | 0.0% | (1.5%) | (0.1%) |
| Eastlands | 135 | 72.5% | 5.9% | 133 | 74.2% | 5.9% | (1.9%) | 1.7% | 0.0% |
| Average | 168 | 75.8% | 7.5% | 173 | 75.9% | 7.8% | 2.9% | 0.1% | 0.3% |

ii. Performance by Class

To analyze the performance of malls by class we classified them into three bands as below:

- Regional Centers / Destination Malls: These malls are characterized by their higher lettable
 areas ranging between 400,000 800,000 SQFT, and as a result usually have more than one
 anchor tenants. They include; Sarit Centre, Two Rivers Mall, Garden City Mall, and, Next Gen
 Mall,
- Community Centers: They are the second largest malls with a lettable area ranging between 125,001 - 400,000 SQFT, and can also host more than one anchor tenants. They include malls such as Thika Road Mall, Valley Arcade, Gateway Mall, and the Village Market, among others, and,
- Neighborhood Centers: These malls are characterized by their lettable areas ranging between 20,000 SQFT hence can only host a single anchor tenant. They include the Well, Ciata City Mall, and Unicity Mall, among others.

The table below shows the summary of performance by class:

(All Values in Kshs unless stated otherwise)

| | Retail Market Performance in Nairobi by Class 2022 | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|--|-------------------|----------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Class | Average Rent | Average Occupancy | Average Rental Yield | | | | | | | | |
| Destination | 283 | 82.6% | 10.2% | | | | | | | | |
| Community | 174 | 79.3% | 8.1% | | | | | | | | |
| Neighborhood | 148 | 69.9% | 6.4% | | | | | | | | |
| Grand Total | 173 | 75.9% | 7.8% | | | | | | | | |

Source: Cytonn research

The key take-outs from the table include;

- i. Destination malls were the best performing, having recorded an average rental yield of 10.2%, attributable to the premium rents that the quality malls fetch averaging Kshs 283 per SQFT, compared to the market average of Kshs 173 per SQFT. Additionally, the destination class recorded the highest occupancy rate of 82.6% against the NMA average of 75.9% due to their limited supply matched by increased demand,
- ii. Community malls recorded an average rental yield of 8.1%, 0.3% points higher than the market average of 7.8%, with occupancy and rental rates coming in at 79.3% and Kshs 174 per SQFT, respectively against a market average of Kshs 173 per SQFT and 75.9%, respectively as a result of an improved demand, and,
- iii. Neighborhood malls recorded the lowest average rental yield at 6.4% against the market average of 7.8%. This was mainly attributed to the lower rental rates averaging Kshs 148 per SQFT compared to the market average of Kshs 173 per SQFT, coupled with the low average occupancy rate which came in at 69.9% against the market average of 75.9% in 2022.

c. Retail Market Performance in Key Urban Cities in Kenya

For all the cities that we conducted our research on, Nairobi was the best performing region with an average rental yield of 7.8% in 2022, 1.0% points higher than the market average of 6.8%, driven by the increased rental and occupancy rates which came in at Kshs 173 per SQFT and 75.9%, respectively in 2022, from Kshs 168 per SQFT and 75.8%, respectively, in 2021. On the other hand, Mount Kenya was the least performing region with the average rental yield having declined by 2.6% points to 5.3% in 2022, from 7.9% in 2021 as a result of the additional Meru Greenwood Mall which hindered the overall occupancy rate and yield. Notably, Nakuru was the most improved region, attributable to the improved economic performance following its elevation into a city in December 2021. This saw an increase in the rental yield by 1.3% points to 7.4%, from 6.1% recorded in 2021. The performance of the key urban centers in Kenya is as summarized below:

| | Summary of Retail Performance in Key Urban Cities in Kenya 2022 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|------------------------|----------------------|-----------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Region | Rent 2021 | Occupancy Rate 2021 | Rental yield 2021 | Rent 2022 | Occupancy Rate 2022 | Rental yield 2022 | Change in Occupancy Y/Y | Change in Yield Y/Y | | | | | |
| Nairobi | 168 | 75.8% | 7.5% | 173 | 75.9% | 7.8% | 0.1% | 0.3% | | | | | |
| Nakuru | 59 | 80.0% | 6.1% | 73 | 81.3% | 7.4% | 1.3% | 1.3% | | | | | |
| Mombasa | 119 | 77.6% | 6.8% | 110 | 84.0% | 7.0% | 6.4% | 0.2% | | | | | |
| Kisumu | 101 | 74.6% | 6.4% | 108 | 79.7% | 7.0% | 5.1% | 0.6% | | | | | |
| Eldoret | 131 | 80.8% | 6.3% | 132 | 86.1% | 6.6% | 5.3% | 0.3% | | | | | |
| Mount Kenya | 128 | 81.7% | 7.9% | 138 | 56.7% | 5.3% | (25.0%) | (2.6%) | | | | | |
| Average | 118 | 78.4% | 6.8% | 122 | 77.3% | 6.8% | (1.1%) | 0.0% | | | | | |

Source: Cytonn Research

Section III: Retail Space Demand Analysis

To identify the retail market gap for investment opportunity, we worked out the retail space demand for various urban regions in Kenya, to shed light on the undersupplied and oversupplied areas. The analysis was based on the retail spaces available as well as the ones in pipeline against the existing demand by the population available per region. By this, we identified the net space uptake per person in SQM, the shopping population, and current retail market occupancy rates. In addition to this, we used the average uptake in Kilimani as a guideline to calculate the net space uptake for the various regions:

- i. Total Demand/ Gross Uptake This measures the total retail space required by a population in a particular region and is calculated by multiplying the net space uptake per person by the total shopping population,
- **ii. Net Demand/ Uptake** This is a measure of the gross uptake and is calculated by multiplying the gross uptake by respective market occupancy rates. It is exclusive of the occupancy rates of malls in particular regions, and,
- **Supply** This is the summation of the existing malls as well as the ones in pipeline. To get the over/undersupply (gap) in the market, the supply is subtracted from the demand/net uptake.

Also, the key assumptions used in the analysis include:

- i. Number of persons per household was <u>estimated</u> at 3.6 based on the average household size in urban areas as per Kenya Population and Housing Census 2019, and,
- ii. Percentage of shopping population (14 years and above).

(If the figure is positive, then the market has an undersupply i.e, demand is more than supply and if it is a negative figure then the market has an oversupply, i.e. supply is more than demand).

The retail space demand across key regions in Kenya is as shown below;

Demand Analysis 2022

| Region | 2019 | Urban Population | | Shopping People | Net Space Uptake per pax in SQM (Based on Uptake per pax in Kilimani) | Occupancy (2 year Average) | Gross Space Uptake per Pax (Required Space Kilimani) | Net Uptake (Space Required) for each market | Total supply | GAP at current market performance |
|-------------|------|---------------------|------|--------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|--|-----------------|--|
| Kiambu | 2.1 | 60% | 1.3 | 0.7 | 1.9 | 69.2% | 2.1 | 1.4 | 0.9 | 0.5 |
| Mt Kenya | 2.8 | 38% | 1.1 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 69.2% | 1.7 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.5 |
| Mombasa | 1.3 | 100% | 1.3 | 0.8 | 1.9 | 75.8% | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 0.2 |
| Kajiado | 1.1 | 41% | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.7 | 71.4% | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| Machakos | 1.3 | 52% | 0.7 | 0.4 | 1.0 | 75.8% | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.1 |
| Nakuru | 2.2 | 45% | 1.0 | 0.6 | 1.4 | 80.8% | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.4 | (0.1) |
| Uasin Gishu | 1.3 | 44% | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.8 | 83.5% | 0.9 | 0.8 | 1.0 | (0.12) |
| Kisumu | 1.2 | 50% | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.9 | 77.1% | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.0 | (0.2) |
| Nairobi | 4.6 | 100% | 4.6 | 2.7 | 6.7 | 75.8% | 7.4 | 5.6 | 8.6 | (3.0) |
| Total | 18.0 | | 11.6 | 6.7 | 16.8 | | 18.6 | 14.1 | 16.1 | (2.2) |

Based on our demand analysis, Nairobi, Kisumu, Uasin Gishu and Nakuru are the most oversupplied retail markets by 3.0 mn SQFT, 0.2 mn SQFT, 0.12 mn SQFT, and 0.1 mn SQFT, respectively, with occupancies of 75.8%, 77.1%, 83.5% and 80.8%, respectively.

Section IV: Retail Space Investment Opportunity

We analyzed the various urban regions in Kenya in order to determine the investment opportunity within the Real Estate retail market of the country. This was based on three metrics which include the rental yields, the retail spaces required, and the household purchasing power, with allocations of 30.0%, 30.0% and 40.0% weights, respectively:

- Rental Yield- This is a measure of the value of the profit that an investor generates from an investment as a percentage of its value hence the higher the better. The weighted score for rental yields was 30.0%, and the area with the highest yield was ranked with the highest score of 9 whereas the area with lower yields was given the lowest score of 1,
- **Household Expenditure** This measures the consumption expenditure of the target population hence the higher the better as well. The weighted score for this was at 40.0% and the area with the highest expenditure was given the highest score at 9, and the lowest given the lowest score at 1, and,
- **Retail Space Demand-** This measures the amount of retail space required by a particular region hence the higher the better as it increases occupancy rates of the available developments. 30.0% was the allocated weight for this and the area with the highest demand was given the highest score at 9 as well whilst the area with the lowest demand was allocated the lowest score at 1.

Based on our analysis, Mombasa, Nairobi, Kiambu, Nakuru, Kisumu, and, Mount Kenya, offer the best investment opportunities to retail mall developers having achieved a higher weighted score of 6.8, 6.6, 5.5, 5.2, 5.1, and, 5.0, respectively.

The table below shows the retail space investment opportunity in Kenya:

| Retail Space Opportunity 2022 | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------|------|--|--|--|
| | 2021 | 2022 | | | |

| | Retail Yield Score | Retail Space Score | Household expenditure (per adult) score | | | Retail Yield Score | Retail Space Score | Household expenditure (per adult) score | | |
|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|----------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|----------------|--------------|
| Region/Weight | 30% | 30% | 40% | Weighted score | 2021 Rank | 30% | 30% | 40% | Weighted score | 2022 Rank |
| Mombasa | 9 | 5 | 8 | 7.4 | 1 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 6.8 | 1 |
| Nairobi | 4 | 1 | 9 | 5.1 | 4 | 9 | 1 | 9 | 6.6 | 2 |
| Kiambu | 7 | 8 | 7 | 7.3 | 2 | 1 | 8 | 7 | 5.5 | 3 |
| Nakuru | 1 | 3 | 4 | 2.8 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 4 | 5.2 | 4 |
| Kisumu | 3 | 2 | 6 | 3.9 | 7 | 7 | 2 | 6 | 5.1 | 5 |
| Mount Kenya | 7 | 9 | 5 | 6.8 | 3 | 1 | 9 | 5 | 5.0 | 6 |
| Machakos | 4 | 6 | 3 | 4.2 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 3 | 4.2 | 7 |
| Kajiado | 4 | 7 | 2 | 4.1 | 6 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 3.5 | 8 |
| Uasin Gishu | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1.9 | 9 | 4 | 3 | 1 | 2.5 | 9 |

Section V: Retail Sector Outlook

The table below summarizes metrics that have a possible impact on the retail sector, that is the retail space supply, performance, retail space demand, and concluding with the market opportunity/outlook in the sector;

| Kenya Retail Sector Outlook 2022 | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|--|--|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Sentiment 2021 | Sentiment 2022 | 2021 Outlook | 2022 Outlook | | | | |
| Retail Space Supply | Nairobi, Kisumu, Uasin Gishu and Nakuru were the most oversupplied areas by 3.0 mn, 0.3 mn, 0.1 mn and 0.1 mn SQFT of space, respectively while areas such as Kiambu and Mt Kenya regions were under supplied by 0.8 mn and 0.7 mn SQFT, respectively | Nairobi, Kisumu, Uasin Gishu and Nakuru remain the most oversupplied retail markets by 3.0 mn SQFT, 0.2 mn SQFT, 0.12 mn SQFT, and 0.1 mn SQFT, respectively, whereas areas such as Kiambu and Mt Kenya regions are both under supplied by 0.5 mn SQFT. We expect the supply to further increase particularly in Nairobi with the addition of malls such as Ojijo Properties | Neutral | Positive | | | | |
| Retail Space Demand | Performance of cities such as Nairobi, Kisumu, Uasin Gishu and Nakuru continued to be affected by the slow absorption rates of the retail spaces due to the existing demand that doesn't match the higher supply, which was also expected to increase with the additional spaces such as the Imaara mall along Mombasa road, Britam Mall in Kilimani, and the Beacon Mall in Nairobi CBD | We expect the aggressive expansion by local and international retailers to cushion the overall demand and uptake for spaces in the sector. However, factors such as e-commerce which is still being adopted by some retailers, is expected to weigh down the optimum uptake of physical retail space in the market | Neutral | Neutral | | | | |
| Retail Market Performance | Kenyan retail sector performance recorded a 0.2% increase in the average rental yield to 6.8% in 2021, from 6.7% in 2020. Average occupancy rates and rental rates also realized an increase of 1.8% points and 2.2% points, respectively, to 78.4% and Kshs 117.8 per SQFT in 2021 Mount Kenya and Nairobi were the best performing regions with the average rental yield | Kenyan retail sector performance on overall remained stable, with the average rental yield coming in at 6.8% in 2022, unchanged from what was recorded in 2021. However, the average rent per SQFT increased by 3.5% to Kshs 122, whereas the average occupancy rate declined slightly by 1.1% points to 77.3% Nairobi Metropolitan Area was the best performing region with an average rental yield of 7.8% in 2022, | Neutral | Neutral | | | | |

coming in at 7.9% and 7.5%, respectively, against the market average of 6.8%

We expected to see increased market activity with the expansion efforts by local retailers such as Naivas taking up space left by troubled retailers such as Tuskys driven by the increased rental and occupancy rates which came in at Kshs 173 per SQFT and 75.9%, respectively in 2022

We expect to see improved performance driven by increasing foreign investor confidence in the Kenyan retail market, coupled with the aggressive expansion by local and international retailers such as Naivas, Simbisa Brands, Eat'N'Go, and, QuickMart among many others. However, factors such as online shopping strategy and oversupply of spaces continue to be major challenges hindering the optimum performance of the sector

Our outlook for the Kenya retail market remains NEUTRAL with factors such as the e-commerce strategy and high construction costs expected to impede the optimum performance of the sector. However, the increasing foreign investor confidence in the Kenyan retail market, rapid infrastructure developments, retailers aggressively taking up retail spaces, and, positive demographics are expected to cushion the sector's performance

For the full Kenya Retail Report 2022, click here.

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